



# 2022

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
Annual Comprehensive Financial Report  
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2022

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT**  
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

**Prepared by:**  
**THE FINANCE DEPARTMENT**

*[www.miamilakes-fl.gov](http://www.miamilakes-fl.gov)*

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT**  
**FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**  
**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

	<u>PAGES</u>
<b>I. INTRODUCTORY SECTION:</b>	
Letter of Transmittal	i-x
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	xi
Functional Organizational Chart	xii
List of Principal Officials	xiii
 <b>II. FINANCIAL SECTION:</b>	
Independent Auditors' Report	1-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)	4-12
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	13
Statement of Activities	14
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position – Governmental Funds	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	17
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	18
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	19
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Postion – Proprietary Funds	20
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	21
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	22-57
Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited):	
Budgetary Comparison Schedules:	
General Fund	58
Building Department Fund	59
Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules	60
OPEB and Pension Schedules:	
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	61
Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - Florida Retirement System Pension Plan	62
Schedule of the Town's Contributions - Florida Retirement System Pension Plan	63
Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan	64
Schedule of the Town's Contributions - Health Insurance Subsidy Pension Plan	65
Supplementary Information:	
Combining Financial Statements:	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	66
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	67
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual:	
Special Revenue Fund	68
Neighborhood Service Districts Fund	69
Impact Fees Fund	70
Debt Service Fund	71
Capital Projects Fund	72
Supplemental Schedule - Dissagregated Information - Enterprise Fund - Stormwater	73

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
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**FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**  
**TABLE OF CONTENTS**  
**(CONTINUED)**

	<u>PAGES</u>
<b>III. STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited):</b>	
Financial Trends:	
Net Position by Component	74
Changes in Net Position	75-76
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	77
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	78
Revenue Capacity:	
Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source	79
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	80
Property Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments	81
Principal Property Tax Payers	82
Property Tax Levies and Collections	83
Debt Capacity:	
Outstanding Debt by Type	84
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	85
Demographic and Economic Information:	
Demographic and Economic Statistics	86
Principal Employers	87
Operating Information:	
Full Time Equivalent Town Employees by Function/Program	88
Operating Indicators by Function/Program	89
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	90
Miscellaneous Information:	
Insurance in Force	91
<b>IV. COMPLIANCE SECTION:</b>	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	92-93
Management Letter Required by Section 10.550 of the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida	94-95
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with the Requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, in Accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida	96
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance required by Uniform Guidance	97-99
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	100
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	101
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	102
Impact Fee Ordinance Affidavit	103



**INTRODUCTORY SECTION**



Town of Miami Lakes  
6601 Main Street  
Miami Lakes, FL 33014  
(305) 364-6100  
www.miamilakes-fl.gov

Mayor  
Manny Cid

Vice Mayor  
Carlos O. Alvarez

Councilmembers:

Luis E. Collazo

Josh Dieguez

Tony Fernandez

Ray Garcia

Marilyn Ruano

Town Manager  
Edward Pidermann

Town Clerk  
Gina Inguanzo

March 23, 2023

The Honorable Manny Cid, Mayor  
Members of the Town Council  
Citizens of the Town of Miami Lakes

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We are pleased to present the Town of Miami Lakes, Florida (the "Town") Annual Comprehensive Financial Report ("ACFR") for the Fiscal Year ended September 30, 2022, according to Florida State Statute and of the Rules of the Auditor General. The financial statements included in the report conform to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the United States of America ("GAAP") as prescribed by the Government Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). The responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the Town.

This report may be accessed via our new financial transparency module "Transparent Miami Lakes" at: <https://townofmiamilakes.finance.socrata.com/#!/dashboard> by clicking on this link, or navigate to our "Related Content" section in the "Transparent Miami Lakes" module to access our financial reports, budgets, investment holdings, and more.

The financial statements have been audited by Garcia, Espinosa, Miyares, Rodriguez, Trueba & Co., LLC a licensed certified public accounting firm. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the Town's financial statements for the Fiscal Year ended September 30, 2022, are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining (on a test basis) evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon their audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the Town's financial statements for the Fiscal Year ended September 30, 2022, are fairly presented in conformity with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

## PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The Town of Miami Lakes was incorporated on December 5, 2000. It is one of the 34 municipalities in Miami-Dade County, Florida, and is conveniently located just 18 miles north of Downtown Miami and only 15 miles from Miami International Airport. The Town encompasses about 6.8 square miles, bound by NW 170<sup>th</sup> Street and the Palmetto Expressway (SR 826) to the north, NW 138<sup>th</sup> Street to the south, NW 57<sup>th</sup> Avenue (Red Road) to the east, and Interstate 75 to the west.

Over the last 60 years, Miami Lakes has progressed from a dream on paper to reality. This vibrant community is nationally recognized as one of the best examples of unique and innovative town planning. Land use in the Town is predominantly low-density residential. The next most prevalent uses are light industrial and office parks comprising 13% of the Town's area, and lakes and canals making up about 11%. The Town of Miami Lakes population has grown to around 31,000 residents. The 2020 census currently ranks the Town 12<sup>th</sup> in population size within Miami-Dade County, which is the middle of the range for city size. Comparable cities include Aventura on the high end of the population spectrum and Palmetto Bay on the lower end. The Town of Miami Lakes' residential area is essentially built out with only a handful of large parcels that are undeveloped.

### *Government Structure and Services Provided*

The Town operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The Town Council consists of the Mayor and six at-large members. The Mayor is a voting member of the Council. The members of the Council are limited to two consecutive four-year terms, and they are responsible for policymaking and legislative authority, passing ordinances, resolutions, adopting the budget, and appointing committees. The Town Council is responsible for the selection and appointment of the Town Manager and the Town Attorney. The Town Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and laws of the Town Council, overseeing the daily operations of the Town, and appointing and managing all department heads and their subordinates.

The Town of Miami Lakes provides a full range of municipal services including recreation and culture, public safety, public works, and administrative services for its residents and businesses. The Town operates through nine main departments: Administration, Building, Code Compliance, Parks & Community Services, Finance/Budget, Planning, Police, Public Works, and Community Outreach. With only around 50 full-time and 20 part-time/seasonal staff members, the Town relies heavily on contractors for the provision of various public services. The Town provides police protection through a contract with Miami-Dade County, wherein police officers are assigned to the Town, and act under the direction of a Police Major, reporting directly to the Town Manager. Fire-Rescue services and solid waste management services are provided by Miami-Dade County directly and assessed separately on the property tax bill. Water and sewer services are provided and billed directly to the users by the Miami-Dade County Water and Sewer Department.

## **ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK**

The 2022 preliminary taxable property values for the Town of Miami Lakes increased to \$4,131,041,213 or an increase of 9.7% from the prior year's taxable value of \$3,767,371,566. The average Town residential taxable value for 2022 is \$237,353 which is 1.70% higher than the prior year's \$233,368.

Based on the latest information from the U.S. Census Bureau, the Town's per capita income has remained strong and higher than the Miami-Dade Metropolitan Statistical Area ("Miami-Dade MSA") and the State of Florida (the "State"). The Town's per capita income as of 2022 was estimated at \$44,350 while Miami-Dade MSA and the State's per capita personal income based on the 2021 census were \$31,813 and \$35,216, respectively. The Town has also benefitted from a relatively low unemployment rate. In September 2022, the unemployment rate was 3.2% in the County and 1.70% in the Town.

In December 2022, the Fitch Rating review affirmed the Town's Special Obligation Bond rating at AA+ with a Stable Outlook, and Moody's Rating at Aa2. These ratings reflect the Town's solid revenue framework and expenditure flexibility, nominal fixed carrying costs, and a low long-term liability burden. Both rating agencies believe that the Town's superior inherent budget flexibility position is to maintain a high level of financial resilience throughout economic cycles to counter current and future periods of revenue volatility.

### **Stormwater Utility System Revenue Bond Series 2021 – (Green Bond)**

In July of 2021, the Town issued a \$15.5 million utility revenue bond to complete an estimated 16 Stormwater drainage projects, yielding a \$3.25 million premium and thereby increasing our bond debt service to \$18.75 million. To meet the Stormwater bond 2021 debt service payment and other related expenses, the Town increased the Stormwater Monthly Equivalent Residential Unit "ERU" rate from \$4.50 to \$10.50 generating an additional \$1.5 million annually. Quoting from the Bond 2021 Official Statement, "The Series 2021 Project consists of the design, permitting, and construction of the new drainage systems involving French drains, manholes, catch basins with pollution retardant baffles to mitigate flooding and provide water quality and quantity treatment. These systems will connect with existing drainage infrastructure to improve the level of service." The Town restricted all proceeds to the new drainage projects and created a financial fund (Bond Series 2021 - #402) to account for the infrastructure cost, interest revenue, expenses, and other transactions. Moody's Analytics rated the bond at A1, while Fitch Ratings rated the same at A+.

### **American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA)**

Section 9901 of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA) was signed into law on March 11, 2021, allocating \$350 billion in fiscal recovery funds to State, Local, Tribal and Territorial Governments. Due to its population, the Town of Miami Lakes is considered a non-entitlement municipality and was awarded \$15,710,276 in grant funds. In September 2021, the Town received 50% of the funds and the remaining amount in August 2022. Funds are restricted to the capital improvement of approximately 13 Stormwater drainage projects which will need to be completed by December 31, 2026. A financial fund (ARP-#405) was created to account for the infrastructure cost, interest revenue, and other expenses.

## **LONG TERM FINANCIAL PLAN**

A significant measure of the Town's financial strength is the level of its fund balances (i.e. the accumulation of revenues exceeding expenditures). In Fiscal Year 2022 the unassigned general fund balance is \$5.3 million which is approximately \$600,000 more than prior year. The Fiscal Year 2022 millage rate reflects the Council's commitment to maintaining a low tax rate. The continued low rates require the prioritization of resources exclusively to the core municipal government functions, infrastructure improvements, and the beautification of the Town's right of ways while maintaining strong internal controls.



Since its inception, the Town has adopted a five-year capital improvement plan. Additionally, the Town updated and adopted a 10-year Strategic Plan in Fiscal Year 2015 and continues to work on transparency and communication via “Imagine Miami Lakes 2025” which has a dedicated website by the same name. Please visit [www.Imaginemiamilakes2025.com](http://www.Imaginemiamilakes2025.com) for more information.

The Town Council policy requires a minimum reserve of 15% of the operating expenditures in the General Fund. The actual unassigned general fund balance at the end of fiscal year 2022 is \$5.3 million, representing 31% of the general fund operating expenditures for the year, and 16% above the established policy. The Town complies with this policy as of September 30, 2022 and is in a solid financial position. In March 2021, the Town Council passed Ordinance 21-273 amending the Town’s budgetary reserve policy with an effective date of October 2022, requiring a minimum General Fund reserve equal to an average of two months of the total adopted operating expenditures, including transfers. As previously mentioned, the Town is successful in managing operating costs effectively through a limited number of municipal staff administering private service contracts. This leaves the Town with no unions and limited pension liabilities. With relatively low unemployment rates and a stable revenue outlook, the Town is in a favorable position of financial strength.

## FINANCIAL INFORMATION

### Accounting Control

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the Town are protected from loss, theft, or misuse; and to ensure that adequate accounting data is captured in the Town’s financial management system to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonably, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. As a recipient of federal, state, and local financial assistance, the Town is also responsible for ensuring an adequate internal control structure to ensure and document compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to these programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management. In addition, the Town maintains extensive budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with policy and implementation provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Town Council.

The financial management system provides financial controls for the Town. The implementation of MUNIS in 2012 coincided with the rewrite and implementation of the revised Town’s Procurement Ordinance. Because an ERP system implementation is a never-ending task, the automation of processes will continue to improve, and specific policies and procedures will continue to be developed to support improved processes. Beginning in 2015, we continued making strides by improving our financial reporting capabilities. We also made several changes to our internal controls ensuring proper segregation of duties and making sure that our account structure followed state regulations. In 2016 we emphasized streamlining and automating our procurement and accounts payable electronic process, while in 2017 we focused on user role securities, and reporting.

In 2018 we purchased a financial transparency module that provides access to almost real-time data regarding funds, categories, departments, vendors’ payments, and more. This module was implemented and publicly released in fiscal year 2020. In 2022, we began the process of adopting a paperless environment with the goal to rely on our robust data backup redundancies and capabilities.

### **Budgetary Controls**

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the Town’s financial planning and control. Departmental allocations are based on long-range planning efforts, such as the Town’s Strategic Plan, Stormwater Master Plan, and the Transportation Master Plan. All Town departments are required to submit requests for appropriation to the Town’s Administration Department before the presentation and setting of the preliminary millage by the Town Council. The Administration Department uses these requests as a starting point to assist the Town Manager in developing a Manager’s Proposed Budget. A preliminary millage rate must be adopted no later than July 30th of each year. The Council is required to hold two public budget hearings on the Proposed Budget and to enact an Approved Budget no later than September 30th. The Approved Budget is prepared by the fund, department, and line item within departments. The Town Manager may approve transfers of appropriations within a department up to a limit of \$700 per line item per month. Transfers of appropriations more than \$700 per month (cumulative), and between departments, require approval of the Town Council. Budget-to-Actual comparisons are provided in this report for the General Fund as part of the Required Supplementary Information. Comparisons for all other funds’ budget-to-actual may be found in the Supplementary Information section. Town budgetary information can be also found in the Transparency Module.

### **Proprietary Funds Operations**

The Town provides the following proprietary funds:

1. Stormwater Utility Fund – This Enterprise Fund is responsible for maintaining the Town’s Stormwater drains and conveyance system and planning and constructing system expansions.
2. Internal Service Fund – This fund accounts for activities that provide goods and/or services to other departments or cost centers. We specifically allocate to the police, building, and administration departments.

### **Cash Management**

The Town of Miami Lakes is charged with the security of the Town’s funds and assets to maximize return on surplus cash. The Town adopted a formal Investment Policy and acquired financial advisory services in an ongoing effort to maximize investment income through broader investment opportunities while preserving capital. As requested by the Council, we conducted an “Investment Policy Workshop” in the fiscal year 2020, geared to review, educate, and clarify the policy in detail. The Town’s primary investment instruments for Fiscal Year 2022 were money market accounts and certificates of deposit. No investment is made for any commitment longer than two years and during 2022, the Town earned \$165,256 in investment income as compared to \$59,845 earned in Fiscal Year 2021. This increase is attributed to the financial market recovering from the COVID-19 pandemic. Our investments decisions are made by Town staff after considering the advice from our investment consultant and investment committee which meets triannually.

### **Risk Management**

In 2021, The Town changed the general liability, automobile, property, and casualty insurance, as well as workers’ compensation coverage to Public Risk Management of Florida, saving over \$100,000 annually. The Town continually reviews risk exposures and determines the most cost-effective method of mitigating those exposures, by providing safety training and maintaining infrastructures like sidewalks and roadways. For more information on insurance coverage, insurer, the policy period, and premium, please refer to the last page of our statistical section in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

## MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS INITIATIVES

### 1. THE FOLLOWING ARE SIGNIFICANT PROJECTS COMPLETED DURING FY2022:

- West Lake Drainage and Roadway Improvement, Phase 3 - \$1,951,177

### 2. OTHER SIGNIFICANT PROJECTS UNDERWAY IN FY2022 INCLUDE:

- *NW 59<sup>th</sup> Avenue Roadway Extension and Redevelopment*

Total Estimated Project Cost is \$14.2 million. The project includes obtaining the rights to a 1.18-acre parcel from Miami-Dade Aviation Department and land acquisition of a private property along 151st Street for the design and construction of a new bridge and roadway extending from NW 59th Avenue over the C-8 Canal south to NW 151st Street, thereby providing public access that will facilitate increased economic opportunities, commerce, and local jobs. The project will incorporate the Complete Streets elements on the bridge that includes 11 ft. travel lanes, 10 ft. shared use paths which will be separated from the roadway by a 12 ft. swale. The project also includes conceptual design for the whole street concept and construction drawing from Complete Streets components and permitting on the NW 151st Street/NW 153rd Street corridor.

In FY2018 the Town was awarded a \$3.6 million competitive grant from FDOT for the construction of the NW 59th Avenue project. This includes design (\$240,500), land acquisition (900,000), construction (\$2,401,500), construction engineering and inspection (\$72,500). The grant requires a 50% match of which funds are earmarked from People's Transportation Plan (PTP 80%), and the remaining funding for the project are from Miami-Dade County Road Impact Fees (\$1.8 million), 3 Cents Gas Tax and Mobility Fees. Additionally, \$3,000,000 in Community Project Funding grant was awarded in FY2023 for this project. The Town is in the process of securing approval from the Florida Aviation Administration, South Florida Water Management District, and acquiring the private property.

- *Stormwater Infrastructure Improvement*

Total Estimated Project cost is \$34 million. This project includes the design, permitting and construction of new stormwater drainage systems consisting of French drains, manholes, and catch basins with pollution retardant baffles. These systems will connect with existing drainage infrastructure to improve the level of service, alleviate flooding, protect, and enhance water quality, and build a stronger and more resilient Miami Lakes. The American Rescue Plan dollars of \$15.71 million together with the Town's Stormwater Series 2021 Bond financing of \$18.26 million will address approximately half of all identified stormwater infrastructure needs and the most critical drainage projects in the Town.

- *Miami Lakes Optimist Park Master Plan*

The Town Council adopted the Miami Lakes Optimist Park Master Plan in 2003. In FY2018, a contract for field design work was awarded for \$470,000 which is currently underway and is expected to be completed in FY2023. The total estimated project cost is \$19.5 million and was presented as a bond referendum question during the November 2022 elections which was denied by the voters. Currently, the Town is exploring opportunities to finance the project via a phased approach.

**MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS INITIATIVES (continuation)**

**Other initiatives in FY2023 Budget include:**

- NW 146<sup>th</sup> Street Greenway Project (Green 2.0) - \$706,526
- Robert Alonso Comm. Center Critical Facility Energy Resiliency Project - \$525,000
- Senior Center Buildout - \$500,000
- Streetlights Improvement Project - \$494,886
- NW 154<sup>th</sup> Street and Palmetto Expressway Turn Lanes - \$400,000
- Royal Oaks First Addition Drainage Improvement - \$373,470
- Par 3 Park - \$230,827
- Park West Bicycle and Pedestrian Improvement - \$158,370 (design)
- Optimist Clubhouse Storage Facility Renovation - \$189,601
- Safe Routes to School-Bob Graham Education Center - \$189,453 (construction)
- Freebee Service Expansion - \$171,130 (3<sup>rd</sup> year)
- Fairway Drive Bike Lane and Crosswalk Improvement - \$119,000 (design)
- NW 67<sup>th</sup> Avenue Entry Feature - \$40,000

## GRANTS AND GOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS

The Mission of the Grants and Governmental Affairs Office is to pursue, secure, and administer federal, state, local, foundation, and legislative grants to assist in funding the Goals and Objectives of the Town's Strategic Plan. The Office serves as the Town's liaison to funding organizations to ensure effective communication and administration throughout the grant process, including the execution of grant contracts and agreements, administration of each open contract and agreement, and submission of applicable progress, expenditure, desk monitoring, and closeout reporting requirements. In addition, the Office assists the Town Manager with composing and submitting legislative appropriation requests to acquire discretionary funding for legislative priorities and capital projects to enhance the vibrancy and sustainability of the Town. The Office also collaborates with the Finance Department and Project Managers to ensure that the Town receives grant reimbursements through reconciliation of expenditures with funding awards. In FY2022, the cumulative grant awards surpassed \$1.63 million.

### Grants Secured during October 1, 2021 – September 30, 2022: \$1,631,943

- \$1,000,000 – State of Florida General Appropriations Act by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) for the Miami Lakes Canal Bank Stabilization Phase III Project to reduce canal bank erosion, improve canal performance, improve stormwater management, improve canal storage capacity, enhance flood protection, and increase protection of private property and life in Miami Lakes.
- \$400,000 – State of Florida General Appropriations Act by the Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) for the Miami Lakes - NW 154th Street and Palmetto Expressway Turn Lanes Project to design, permit, and construct the extension of the existing westbound left turn lanes of NW 154th Street westbound from the Palmetto Expressway SB on-ramp to the NB ramp.
- \$171,730 – Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) Service Development Grant Program for the Miami Lakes Freebee Public Transit Service Expansion Project to expand our existing Freebee services to include new routes, expanded hours, and connections to the Palmetto Metrorail Station regional transit.
- \$50,000 (In-Kind) – Scotts® and Major League Baseball (MLB) Field Refurbishment Program for the Miami Lakes Optimist Park to refurbishment and renovate two (2) Tee-Ball Fields.
- \$4,727 – Florida Department of Law Enforcement (FDLE) Justice Assistance Grant Direct (JAGD) Program for the Miami Lakes Law Enforcement Traffic Equipment Project to purchase and deploy traffic safety cones to assist police officers with temporarily directing or redirecting traffic, alert oncoming traffic of hazards, block roadways, and use as barricades, thereby promoting officer safety and ensuring officers are visible when responding to emergencies.
- \$3,486 – Florida Department of Law Enforcement (FDLE) Justice Assistance Grant County-wide (JAGC) Program for the Miami Lakes Law Enforcement Equipment Project to purchase and install an emergency strobe light, siren, and speaker kits with accessories for unmarked police vehicles.
- \$2,000 (Gift Card) – Lowe's Hometowns Grant for Miami Lakes pocket park enhancements.

## **GRANTS AND GOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS (Continuation)**

Grant Closeouts are required to reconcile financial expenditures associated with funding awards. Grant Closeouts ensure all applicable administrative actions and proposed work is completed by the grantee at the end of a contract or project term. Failure to submit timely and accurate reports affects reimbursement and impacts future funding for the organization.

### **Grant Funded Projects Closed ending September 30, 2022:**

- FEMA West Lakes Drainage Improvements (Phase 3) Project - \$1,444,126 (final grant award at closeout)
- DEP West Lakes Drainage Improvements (Phase 3) Project - \$465,939 (final grant award at closeout)
- SRTS Miami Lakes Elementary School Project - \$360,819
- Miami Lakes Optimist Park Fields Refurbishment - \$50,000 (In-Kind)
- Miami Lakes MiGlo Walking and Biking Trail - \$25,000
- Miami Lakes Police Bicycle Equipment Project - \$3,943
- Miami Lakes Law Enforcement Equipment Project - \$3,486

## AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

### The Town received the following awards during FY 2022:

#### Tree City USA Designation - 16th Consecutive Year

Tree City USA Award is provided by The Arbor Day Foundation, in cooperation with the National Association of State Foresters and the USDA Forest Service, to recognize environmental improvement and encourage higher levels of tree care throughout America. This award is designed not only to recognize achievement but also to communicate new ideas and help the leaders of all Tree City USAs plan for improving community tree care.

#### Better Cities for Pets Program Award – 4th Year

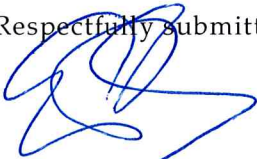
Named a Certified City in the Better Cities for Pets™ program. This program helps communities be pet-friendly so more people can enjoy the benefits of life with pets. It was created by Mars Petcare and includes a playbook for cities, an assessment tool, a city certification program, and free online resources.

#### Excellence in Financial Reporting Recognition - 10th Consecutive Year

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town of Miami Lakes for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. This is the tenth consecutive year that the Town has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of the annual comprehensive financial report on a timely basis could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department. Sincere appreciation is extended to all members of Town staff who assisted and contributed to its preparation. A special note of thanks is also extended to our auditors, Garcia, Espinosa, Miyares, Rodriguez, Trueba & Co. LLP, for their professional approach and high standards in conducting their independent audit of the Town's financial records and transactions. And in closing, acknowledgements are given to the Mayor and Town Council for their leadership and support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the Town's finances.

Respectfully Submitted,



Edward Pidermann  
Town Manager



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of  
Achievement  
for Excellence  
in Financial  
Reporting

Presented to

**Town of Miami Lakes  
Florida**

For its Annual Comprehensive  
Financial Report  
For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2021

*Christopher P. Morill*

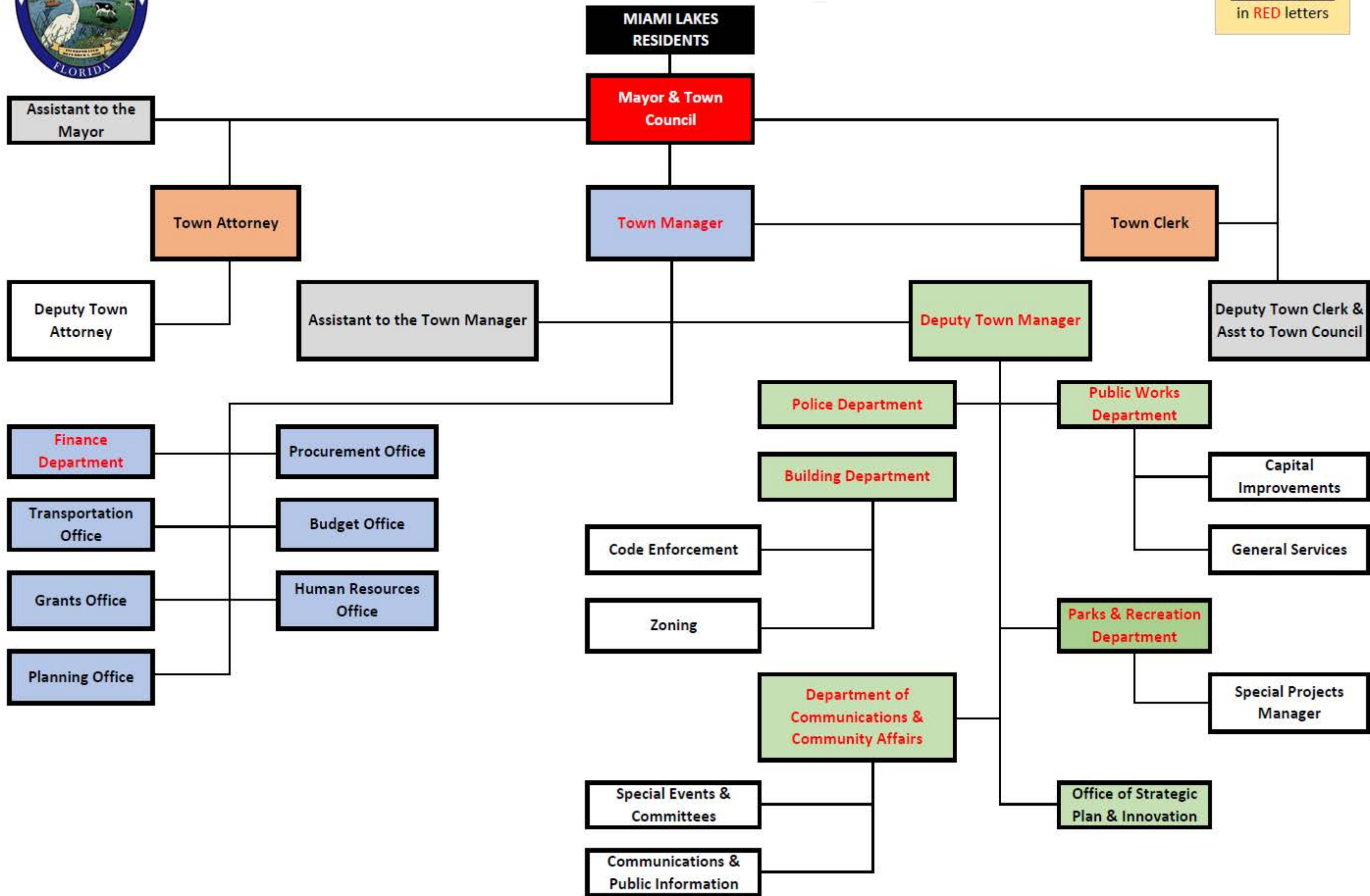
Executive Director/CEO





# Town of Miami Lakes FUNCTIONAL ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

Executive Staff  
in RED letters



**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES**

**CURRENT PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS**

---

***MAYOR AND TOWN COUNCIL***

Manny Cid, Mayor  
Carlos O. Alvarez, Vice Mayor  
Josh Dieguez, Councilmember  
Luis E. Collazo, Councilmember  
Marilyn Ruano, Councilmember  
Ray Garcia, Councilmember  
Tony Fernandez, Councilmember

***APPOINTED OFFICIALS***

Edward Pidermann, Town Manager  
Gina M. Inguanzo, Town Clerk  
Raul Gastesi, Esq., Town Attorney



**FINANCIAL SECTION**



**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor, Town Council and Town Manager  
Town of Miami Lakes, Florida

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Miami Lakes, Florida (the "Town"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## **Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

## **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension schedules, and the OPEB schedule on pages 4-12, 58-59, 60, and 61-65, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

## **Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 23, 2023, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Coral Gables, Florida  
March 23, 2023



**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND  
ANALYSIS**



**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

The management of the Town of Miami Lakes offers the readers of our financial statements a narrative overview and analysis of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. We encourage our readers to consider the information presented in this discussion and analysis in conjunction with additional information that is provided in the letter of transmittal, the financial statements, and the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

**Financial Highlights for the Fiscal Year 2022**

- At the close of the fiscal year, the Town's total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$57 million (*net position*). Of this amount, \$42 million is the net investment in capital assets, \$10.9 million is restricted for transportation, public safety, debt service, and parks and recreation related uses, and \$4.1 million (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Town's total net position increased by approximately \$4.1 million, or 7.8% from the prior year.
- Net position of the Town's business-type activities increased by approximately \$1.4 million and by \$2.7 million for governmental activities. This is mainly attributed to an increase in investments in capital assets for business activities and an increase in current assets mostly from cash and cash equivalents from governmental activities.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$16.8 million, an increase of \$3.1 million in comparison with the prior year mainly due to an operating surplus in the general fund and capital projects fund. Approximately \$5.3 million, or 32%, of the ending fund balances amount is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance for the general fund was \$5.5 million or 32% of total general fund expenditures. The unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$5.3 million or 31% of total general fund expenditures. The non-spendable fund balance was \$147 thousand or 2.7% of general fund ending fund balance. These designations follow the Town's fund balance and financial policies as explained in the notes to the financial statements.

**Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the basic financial statements of the Town of Miami Lakes and is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of the Town's financial activity, identify changes in the financial position to address subsequent year challenges, identify any material deviations from the approved budget and identify individual fund issues or concerns.

The annual report consists of four parts – *management's discussion and analysis* (this section), the *basic financial statements*, *required supplementary information*, and an additional section that presents *combining statements* for non-major governmental funds. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Town.

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both long-term and short-term information about the Town's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on individual parts of the Town government, reporting the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. Within the fund financial statements are government and proprietary fund statements.
- The governmental fund's statements show the financial information for all general governmental services, such as public safety, the building department, parks and recreation, community services, and others.
- Proprietary fund, enterprise fund statement offers short-term and long-term financial information about the activities where the government operates as a business, in this case, the Town's stormwater utility operations.
- Proprietary fund, Internal service funds are used to allocate costs internally among the Town's various functions. The Town uses an Internal Service Fund to account for its facilities maintenance.

## **Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)**

The financial statements also include *notes* that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. In addition to these required elements, included is a section with combining statements that provide details about non-major governmental funds, each of which is added together and presented in a single column in the basic financial statements.

### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements - Statement of net position and statement of activities found on pages 13 and 14 are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner like a private sector business.

The statement of net position – This presents information on all the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities – This presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the Town include general government, public safety, transportation, parks and recreation, and comprehensive planning. The Town's business-type activities consist of a Stormwater Utility.

The government-wide financial statements include only the Town itself (known as the *primary government*).

**Fund Financial Statements** - A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Each fund is a separate accounting entity. The Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Town categorizes funds as governmental and proprietary.

**Governmental Funds** - *Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund's financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources* as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

**Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)**

The Town's funds are presented in separate fund financial statements. These funds are presented in a Governmental Fund Financial Statement and a Proprietary Fund (Business-type) Financial Statement. The Town's major funds are presented in separate columns on the fund financial statements. The funds that do not meet the criteria of a major fund are considered non-major funds and are combined into a single column on the fund financial statements.

At the closing of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the following were classified as major funds: The General Fund, the Building Department Fund, and the Capital Projects Fund. All other governmental funds are combined into a single column on the governmental fund's financial statements. The individual fund data for the non-major funds is found in the combining statements section.

The Town adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund as well as its other governmental funds. Budgetary comparisons have been presented for funds that compare not only actual results to budget (budgetary basis) but also the original adopted budget to the final budget. The budget to actual comparison for the General Fund and the Building Department Fund is presented on pages 58-59 of the required supplementary information and other governmental funds are presented beginning on page 66.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15 through 18 of this report and this year we added a consolidated enterprise fund statement, detailing the operations, Bond Series 2021, and ARPA funds for the Stormwater Fund. This statement could be found on page 73.

Proprietary Funds - *Proprietary funds* are those funds where the Town charges a user fee to recover costs. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements but in more detail. The Town maintains two proprietary funds, one considered an "Enterprise Fund" and an "Internal Service Fund".

Enterprise funds are used to finance and account for the acquisition, operation, and maintenance of facilities and services that are intended to be entirely or predominantly self-supporting through the collection of charges from external customers. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses an enterprise fund to account for its Stormwater Utility Operations.

Internal Service Fund is defined as a fund that primarily provides either benefits or goods or services to other funds, departments, or agencies of government on a cost-reimbursement basis, with the goal to 'break-even' rather than to generate a profit.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 19 through 21 of this report.

**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements** - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 22 through 57 of this report.

**Other Information** - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Town's budgetary comparison schedules.

The combined statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and other schedules can be found on pages 66 through 73 of this report.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

**Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

The Government-wide Financial Statements were designed so that the user can determine if the Town is in a better or worse financial condition from the prior year. The difference between a government's assets and deferred outflows of resources and its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is its net position. As mentioned earlier, the Town's overall assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$56,928,144 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Below is a summary of government-wide net position and comparative balance between the current and last fiscal year.

**Town of Miami Lakes, Florida**  
**Summary of Net Position**

	<b>Governmental Activities</b>		<b>Business-Type Activities</b>		<b>Total Primary Government</b>	
	<b>FY 2022</b>	<b>FY 2021</b>	<b>FY 2022</b>	<b>FY 2021</b>	<b>FY 2022</b>	<b>FY 2021</b>
Current assets	\$ 20,114,471	\$ 17,492,522	\$ 34,313,483	\$ 27,300,768	\$ 54,427,954	\$ 44,793,290
Capital assets	35,070,152	35,744,680	16,163,033	13,967,580	51,233,185	49,712,260
Total assets	<u>55,184,623</u>	<u>53,237,202</u>	<u>50,476,516</u>	<u>41,268,348</u>	<u>105,661,139</u>	<u>94,505,550</u>
Deferred outflows on pension	967,976	999,224	34,417	36,889	1,002,393	1,036,113
Current liabilities	3,515,470	3,922,215	1,076,362	8,133,794	4,591,832	12,056,009
Long-term liabilities	10,633,128	9,459,375	18,747,697	19,028,045	29,380,825	28,487,420
Total liabilities	<u>14,148,598</u>	<u>13,381,590</u>	<u>19,824,059</u>	<u>27,161,839</u>	<u>33,972,657</u>	<u>40,543,429</u>
Deferred inflows of resources						
pension	487,580	2,049,564	38,567	111,059	526,147	2,160,623
deferred gain on refunding	-	-	49,153	-	49,153	-
Total deferred inflows of resou	<u>487,580</u>	<u>2,049,564</u>	<u>87,720</u>	<u>111,059</u>	<u>575,300</u>	<u>2,160,623</u>
Net investment in capital assets	28,066,416	28,428,460	13,882,070	13,178,871	41,948,486	41,607,331
Restricted	10,877,411	8,572,783	-	4,785	10,877,411	8,577,568
Unrestricted	2,572,594	1,804,029	1,529,653	848,683	4,102,247	2,652,712
Total net position	<u>\$ 41,516,421</u>	<u>\$ 38,805,272</u>	<u>\$ 15,411,723</u>	<u>\$ 14,032,339</u>	<u>\$ 56,928,144</u>	<u>\$ 52,837,611</u>

The net investment in capital assets, \$41.9 million or 74% is the largest portion of the net position. This represents capital assets (land, buildings, improvements, equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress), net of accumulated depreciation, and the outstanding related debt used to acquire the assets. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources because as previously mentioned, capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Town's net position of \$10.8 million or 19% represents resources that are subject to restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position of \$4.1 million or 7%, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. At the end of the current year, the Town had positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same held true for the prior fiscal year.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

**Government-Wide Financial Analysis (Continued)**

There was an increase in *unrestricted net position* for the governmental activities of \$769 thousand resulting from increases in revenues throughout all funds. Business-type activities unrestricted net position also increased by \$681 thousand due to an increase in stormwater charges for services.

The following schedule compares revenues and expenses for the Town's operations for Fiscal Years 2022 and 2021.

**Town of Miami Lakes, Florida**  
**Summary of Changes in Net Position**

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government	
	FY 2022	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2021
<b>Program Revenues:</b>						
Charges for services	\$ 3,500,809	\$ 4,325,270	\$ 2,472,609	\$ 1,692,827	\$ 5,973,418	\$ 6,018,097
Operating grants and contributions	306,216	1,091,809	-	-	306,216	1,091,809
Capital grants and contributions	1,633,513	1,743,136	522,845	-	2,156,358	1,743,136
<b>General Revenues:</b>						
Property taxes	8,384,571	7,940,228	-	-	8,384,571	7,940,228
Utility taxes	4,934,925	4,672,570	-	-	4,934,925	4,672,570
Franchise taxes	1,424,664	1,208,542	-	-	1,424,664	1,208,542
Intergovernmental	6,591,152	5,490,767	-	-	6,591,152	5,490,767
Investments income and miscellaneous	422,227	373,367	127,660	6,112	549,887	379,479
Total revenues	<u>27,198,077</u>	<u>26,845,689</u>	<u>3,123,114</u>	<u>1,698,939</u>	<u>30,321,191</u>	<u>28,544,628</u>
<b>Expenses:</b>						
General government	5,833,240	5,959,090	-	-	5,833,240	5,959,090
Public safety	10,600,530	10,515,505	-	-	10,600,530	10,515,505
Parks and recreation	3,721,479	3,467,742	-	-	3,721,479	3,467,742
Transportation	3,411,614	2,968,332	-	-	3,411,614	2,968,332
Stormwater	-	-	2,167,706	1,743,488	2,167,706	1,743,488
Interest expense	496,089	511,190	-	-	496,089	511,190
Total expenses	<u>24,062,952</u>	<u>23,421,859</u>	<u>2,167,706</u>	<u>1,743,488</u>	<u>26,230,658</u>	<u>25,165,347</u>
Excess (deficiency) before transfers	3,135,125	3,423,830	955,408	(44,549)	4,090,533	3,379,281
Transfers and contributions	<u>(423,976)</u>	<u>(1,495,337)</u>	<u>423,976</u>	<u>1,495,337</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Changes in net position	\$ 2,711,149	\$ 1,928,493	\$ 1,379,384	\$ 1,450,788	\$ 4,090,533	\$ 3,379,281
Net position - beginning	<u>38,805,272</u>	<u>36,876,779</u>	<u>14,032,339</u>	<u>12,581,551</u>	<u>52,837,611</u>	<u>49,458,330</u>
Net position - ending	<u>\$ 41,516,421</u>	<u>\$ 38,805,272</u>	<u>\$ 15,411,723</u>	<u>\$ 14,032,339</u>	<u>\$ 56,928,144</u>	<u>\$ 52,837,611</u>

**Governmental activities:** The Town's overall governmental revenues increased slightly by \$352 thousand, from 26.8 million to \$27.2 million. Although there were significant increases in general revenues of approximately \$2.1 million, there were also a significant decrease of \$1.7 million for program revenues. Approximately 31% of the Governmental Activities' revenues come from property taxes, 23% from other taxes, 13% from charges for services, 24% from intergovernmental revenues, and the remainder from fines, investments, grants, and contributions. Governmental expenses increased by \$641 thousand over last year mostly due to an overall increase in contracts. The Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Revenues:**

- Ad-Valorem taxes increased by \$444 thousand as property values continue to rise.
- Utility taxes, including electricity, water, gas, and communications increased by \$262 thousand from the prior year.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

**Government-Wide Financial Analysis (Continued)**

**Revenues: (Continued)**

- Electric franchise fees increased by \$216 thousand, reflecting the full year of revenues since renewal of our agreement with FPL.
- The Intergovernmental increase of \$1.1 million is mostly attributed to a surge in State sales tax including Half Cent Sales Tax of \$662 thousand and \$338 thousand in Transportation Surtax.
- Charges for services decreased \$824 thousand mostly due to a decrease of \$470 thousand in building permits and \$354 thousand in mobility fees that were received from large new developments in the previous year.
- Operating grants and contributions decreased \$786 thousand due to COVID-19 CARES Act funds obligated in FY2021 and not repeated in FY2022.

**Expenses:**

- The Town's General Government cost decreased by \$126 thousand.
- Public safety expenses increased by \$85 thousand. This is primarily a combination of \$363 thousand increase in police contractual service offset by \$283 thousand decrease in building department operations.
- Parks and recreation increased by approximately \$254 thousand primarily from general increases in landscaping and maintenance contracts.
- Transportation expenses increased by \$443 thousand also because of general increases in repairs and maintenance.

**Business-type activities:** The Town has a Stormwater Utility business-type activity. Business-type activities increased the Town's total net position by \$1.4 million. Stormwater operating fees increased by \$780 thousand due to a change in the rate from \$4.50 to \$10.50 per ERU and revenues collected for the full year. Capital grants and contributions recognized for \$523 thousand from the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funding, and interest income increased \$122 thousand due to increase in investments. Expenses also increased \$424 thousand primarily for interest expense on the Series 2021 Bond.

**Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds**

**Governmental funds** - The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. An unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town and is used to account for most of its governmental activities. The General Fund's total fund balance on September 30, 2022, was \$5.5 million and of this amount, \$5.3 million or (97%) was unassigned. The non-spendable fund balance for prepayments was \$147 thousand (3.0%). The unassigned fund balance represents 31% of total general fund expenditures, while the total fund balance represents 32% of that same amount. The General Fund's total fund balance increased by \$594 thousand from the previous year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$16.8 million, an increase of \$3 million, or 22% in comparison to the prior year. Approximately 32% of the combined fund balance, or \$5.3 million, constitutes an unassigned fund balance available for spending at the Town's discretion.

As of September 30, 2022, the capital projects fund had a total fund balance of \$5.1 million, with no remaining funds to be classified as unassigned. The \$2.3 million increase in fund balance from the previous year is due to the accumulation of restricted funds for the completion of future projects.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

**Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds (Continued)**

**Governmental funds (Continued)**

The building department fund had a total fund balance of \$2 million, a decrease of \$178 thousand or 8% from the prior year. As new developments from previous years progress through the permit review and inspection stages, revenues are expected to decrease over the next few years. As such, the department has adjusted operations to accommodate services as needed.

The Town's non-major governmental funds ending balance as of September 30, 2022, was \$4.1 million, an increase of \$260 thousand from the prior year. The Special Revenue, Debt Service and Infrastructure Replacement Funds had increases totaling \$331 thousand primarily due to higher than expected surtax revenues, as well as contribution from General Fund for replacement of capital assets. The Neighborhood Service Districts and Impact Fees fund balances decreased by \$52 and \$19 thousand, respectively.

**Proprietary funds** - The Town of Miami Lakes' proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements but in greater detail.

The net position of the Stormwater Utility as of September 30, 2022, amounted to \$15.4 million. Of this amount, \$13.9 million is invested in capital assets and \$1.5 million is unrestricted. Net position increased by \$1.38 million from the prior year and investment in capital assets increased by \$703 thousand because of an increase in construction.

**General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Over the course of the year, the Town amended the General Fund budget various times. Budget amendments typically fall into two categories: (1) Amendments approved for rollovers related to capital improvement projects, tasks and projects in progress, and prior year encumbrances; and (2) supplemental appropriations to recognize and appropriate grant revenues which were received after the adoption of the budget, and to provide appropriations for various other needs which had arisen since the adoption of the budget. At year-end, the General Fund expenditures were less than the original adopted budget by \$320 thousand mostly due to a decrease in general government expenses. Additionally, the final amended budget to actual resulted in a positive variance in expenditures of \$1 million, and actual revenues were \$1.4 million more than the final amended budget mostly due to an increase in utility taxes and intergovernmental revenues in particular, Half Cent Sales Tax.

**Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

**Capital Assets**

The Town's total capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2022, amounted to \$51.2 million (net of accumulated depreciation). Capital assets include land, buildings, construction in progress, infrastructure improvements, park facilities, furniture, fixtures and equipment, and right-to-use asset (leases). The Town's net investments in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities total \$41.9 million, an overall increase of \$341 thousand or .8% from the previous year. Net investment in capital assets for governmental activities decreased by \$362 thousand and increased by \$703 thousand for business-type activities. Major projects contributing to the increase were the following:

- West Lakes Drainage Improvement, Phase 3
- Royal Oaks 1<sup>st</sup> Addition Drainage Improvement
- Infrastructure Additions and Components
- Skate Park and Trailer
- License Plate Readers

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

**Capital Assets and Debt Administration (Continued)**

**Capital Assets (Continued)**

Through the use of MUNIS, a Tyler Technologies product, the Town has an automated process for tracking, inventorying, depreciating, and reconciling the capital assets. This has significantly increased internal controls and loss prevention. All the capital projects are carefully categorized and accounted for to ensure the proper financial viability and realization of each.

The chart below provides a condensed schedule of the government-wide capital assets with comparative balances between the current and last fiscal year.

<b>Town of Miami Lakes, Florida</b>						
<b>Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)</b>						
	<b>Governmental</b>		<b>Business-Type</b>		<b>Total Primary</b>	
	<b>Activities</b>		<b>Activities</b>		<b>Government</b>	
	<b>FY 2022</b>	<b>FY 2021</b>	<b>FY 2022</b>	<b>FY 2021</b>	<b>FY 2022</b>	<b>FY 2021</b>
Land	\$ 6,056,872	\$ 6,056,872	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,056,872	\$ 6,056,872
Building	8,026,540	8,309,414	-	-	8,026,540	8,309,414
Construction in Progress	2,451,231	2,310,968	2,326,551	1,650,198	4,777,782	3,961,166
Infrastructure	17,630,801	18,102,204	13,821,915	12,270,377	31,452,716	30,372,581
Furniture and Fixtures	862,593	965,222	14,567	47,005	877,160	1,012,227
Right-to-Use Assets	42,115	66,130	-	-	42,115	66,130
Total Capital Assets, net	<u>\$ 35,070,152</u>	<u>\$ 35,810,810</u>	<u>\$ 16,163,033</u>	<u>\$ 13,967,580</u>	<u>\$ 51,233,185</u>	<u>\$ 49,778,390</u>

Additional details may be found on pages 37-38 in the capital assets section of the notes to basic financial statements.

**Long-Term Debt (Governmental Only)**

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town had \$6.5 million in bonds and notes payable. During Fiscal Year 2011, the Town issued \$7.33 million in Town of Miami Lakes, Florida Special Obligation Revenue Bonds, Federally Taxable Series 2010 (Government Center Project) (Build America Bonds – Direct Payment) (the “Series 2010 Bonds”). Moody’s Investor Services and Fitch Ratings have rated these bonds Aa2 and AA+, respectively. Also included in long-term debt is the Town’s proportionate share of the Florida Retirement System “FRS” net pension liability of approximately \$3.35 million and roadway QNIP debt with the County for \$284 thousand. Additional information on these long-term debts can be found in Note 7 on pages 38 through 43 of this report.

<b>Town of Miami Lakes, Florida</b>		
<b>Outstanding Debt over \$500k (Governmental Only)</b>		
	<b>FY 2022</b>	<b>FY 2021</b>
Special Obligations Bonds	\$ 6,514,832	\$ 6,723,452
Net Pension Liability	3,347,488	1,801,436
QNIP	283,661	424,402
Total	<u>\$ 10,145,981</u>	<u>\$ 8,949,290</u>

**Economic Factors and Next Year’s Budget**

- The Town’s taxable property values increased from \$3.8 billion from the prior year to \$4.1 billion or 9.7% for fiscal year 2023, a positive indicator of the continued increase in residential and commercial developments and the housing market.



**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

**Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget (Continued)**

- For fiscal year 2023, the Town lowered its millage rate by 2% from 2.3127 mills to 2.2664 mills (\$2.2664 per \$1,000 of taxable assessed valuation).
- The Town's total adopted budget for Fiscal Year 2022-23 including all Funds, transfers and reserves is \$86,012,712, an increase of 4.4% from the prior year.
- The General Fund reserve policy ordinance that requires the Town to maintain 15% of budgeted general fund expenditures was amended to a minimum unassigned fund balance equal to an average of two (2) months of the adopted general fund expenditure budget, including transfers (16.67%).
- The Town's unemployment rate for 2022 was 1.7%, down from 3.10% in 2021 showing an almost full recovery from the consequences of the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Overall, the Town's adopted budget is an economical and prudent financial plan that is structurally balanced and provides a responsible allocation of resources for the operational needs of the Town, infrastructure improvements, and to ensure exceptional quality of service to our residents.

**Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Miami Lakes' finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Additional information is also available on the Town's website at [www.miamilakes-fl.gov](http://www.miamilakes-fl.gov). Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Town of Miami Lakes  
Finance Department  
6601 Main Street  
Miami Lakes, Florida 33014



## **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**STATEMENT OF NET POSITION**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,074,549	\$ 1,104,219	\$ 18,178,768
Investments	11,377	-	11,377
Accounts receivable, net	1,860,087	591,906	2,451,993
Prepays	188,579	-	188,579
Restricted assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	430,790	17,588,618	18,019,408
Investments	549,089	15,028,740	15,577,829
Capital assets:			
Non-depreciable capital assets:			
Land	6,056,872	-	6,056,872
Construction in progress	2,451,231	2,326,551	4,777,782
Total non-depreciable capital assets	8,508,103	2,326,551	10,834,654
Depreciable/amortizable capital assets:			
Leasehold improvements	90,558	-	90,558
Furniture and equipment	4,553,950	322,359	4,876,309
Building	10,178,845	-	10,178,845
Infrastructure	31,058,569	17,342,376	48,400,945
Right-to-use asset	68,267	-	68,267
Less: accumulated depreciation/amortization	(19,388,140)	(3,828,253)	(23,216,393)
Net depreciable/amortizable capital assets	26,562,049	13,836,482	40,398,531
Total capital assets	35,070,152	16,163,033	51,233,185
Total assets	55,184,623	50,476,516	105,661,139
<u>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u>			
Pension	967,976	34,417	1,002,393
Total deferred outflows of resources	967,976	34,417	1,002,393
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	3,417,490	1,076,362	4,493,852
Deposits	97,980	-	97,980
Unearned revenues	-	15,187,431	15,187,431
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year	477,677	260,465	738,142
Due in more than one year	10,155,451	18,487,232	28,642,683
Total liabilities	14,148,598	35,011,490	49,160,088
<u>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u>			
Pension	487,580	38,567	526,147
Deferred gain on refunding	-	49,153	49,153
Total deferred inflows of resources	487,580	87,720	575,300
<u>NET POSITION</u>			
Net investment in capital assets	28,066,416	13,882,070	41,948,486
Restricted for:			
Debt Service	1,041,273	-	1,041,273
Transit - CITT 20	183,917	-	183,917
Transportation - CITT 80	383,579	-	383,579
Transportation - Gas Tax	143,100	-	143,100
Transportation	3,411,849	-	3,411,849
Mobility	88,434	-	88,434
Building Department - Operational	1,038,769	-	1,038,769
Building Department - Technology	939,051	-	939,051
Parks	1,719,751	-	1,719,751
Tree Removal	36,458	-	36,458
Impact Fees:			
Public Safety (Police)	53,987	-	53,987
Parks improvement	15,148	-	15,148
Parks open space	1,089,406	-	1,089,406
Government Center Facility	4,381	-	4,381
Neighborhood Service Districts	287,583	-	287,583
Greenway 77th Court	240,840	-	240,840
Large Park LOS	199,885	-	199,885
Unrestricted	2,572,594	1,529,653	4,102,247
Total net position	\$ 41,516,421	\$ 15,411,723	\$ 56,928,144

See notes to basic financial statements

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES**  
**FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position			
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
<b>Functions/Programs</b>							
<b>Primary government:</b>							
<b>Governmental activities:</b>							
General government	\$ 5,833,240	\$ 1,439,901	\$ 298,003	\$ 1,633,513	\$ (2,461,823)	\$ -	\$ (2,461,823)
Public safety	10,600,530	1,846,819	8,213	-	(8,745,498)	-	(8,745,498)
Parks and recreation	3,721,479	118,000	-	-	(3,603,479)	-	(3,603,479)
Transportation	3,411,614	96,089	-	-	(3,315,525)	-	(3,315,525)
Interest expense	496,089	-	-	-	(496,089)	-	(496,089)
Total governmental activities	<u>24,062,952</u>	<u>3,500,809</u>	<u>306,216</u>	<u>1,633,513</u>	<u>(18,622,414)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(18,622,414)</u>
<b>Business-type activities:</b>							
Stormwater	<u>2,167,706</u>	<u>2,472,609</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>522,845</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>827,748</u>	<u>827,748</u>
Total business-type activities	<u>2,167,706</u>	<u>2,472,609</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>522,845</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>827,748</u>	<u>827,748</u>
Total primary government	<u>\$ 26,230,658</u>	<u>\$ 5,973,418</u>	<u>\$ 306,216</u>	<u>\$ 2,156,358</u>	<u>\$ (18,622,414)</u>	<u>\$ 827,748</u>	<u>\$ (17,794,666)</u>
<b>General revenue:</b>							
Property taxes					8,384,571	-	8,384,571
Utility taxes					3,987,565	-	3,987,565
Communication service tax					947,360	-	947,360
Franchise taxes					1,424,664	-	1,424,664
Other taxes					674,694	-	674,694
Intergovernmental not restricted to specific programs					5,916,458	-	5,916,458
Investment income					112,336	127,660	239,996
Other income					309,891	-	309,891
Transfers					(423,976)	423,976	-
Total general revenues and transfers					<u>21,333,563</u>	<u>551,636</u>	<u>21,885,199</u>
Change in net position					2,711,149	1,379,384	4,090,533
Net position, beginning					<u>38,805,272</u>	<u>14,032,339</u>	<u>52,837,611</u>
Net position, ending					<u>\$ 41,516,421</u>	<u>\$ 15,411,723</u>	<u>\$ 56,928,144</u>

See notes to basic financial statements

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

	Major Funds			Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
	General	Building Department	Capital Projects		
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,855,082	\$ 1,908,703	\$ 5,227,627	\$ 3,062,947	\$ 17,054,359
Investments	11,377	-	-	-	11,377
Accounts receivable, net	965,891	131,695	13,044	749,457	1,860,087
Due from other funds	282,348	-	-	-	282,348
Prepays	146,807	28,838	-	12,934	188,579
Restricted assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	430,790	430,790
Investments	-	-	-	549,089	549,089
Total assets	\$ 8,261,505	\$ 2,069,236	\$ 5,240,671	\$ 4,805,217	\$ 20,376,629
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$ 2,671,364	\$ 62,578	\$ 104,690	\$ 389,585	\$ 3,228,217
Deposits	97,980	-	-	-	97,980
Unearned revenues	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds	-	-	-	282,348	282,348
Total liabilities	2,769,344	62,578	104,690	671,933	3,608,545
<u>FUND BALANCES</u>					
Nonspendable:					
Prepays	146,807	28,838	-	12,934	188,579
Restricted:					
Debt service	-	-	-	1,041,273	1,041,273
Transit - CITT 20	-	-	-	183,917	183,917
Transportation - CITT 80	-	-	-	383,579	383,579
Transportation - Gas Tax	-	-	-	143,100	143,100
Transportation	-	-	3,411,849	-	3,411,849
Mobility	-	-	-	88,434	88,434
Building department - Operational	-	1,038,769	-	-	1,038,769
Building department - Technology	-	939,051	-	-	939,051
Parks	-	-	1,719,751	-	1,719,751
Tree removal	-	-	-	36,458	36,458
Impact fees:					
Public Safety (Police)	-	-	-	53,987	53,987
Parks improvement	-	-	-	15,148	15,148
Parks open space	-	-	-	1,089,406	1,089,406
Government Center Facility	-	-	4,381	-	4,381
Neighborhood Service Districts	-	-	-	287,583	287,583
Greenway 77th Court	-	-	-	240,840	240,840
Large Park LOS	-	-	-	199,885	199,885
Committed for:					
Infrastructure projects	-	-	-	356,740	356,740
Unassigned	5,345,354	-	-	-	5,345,354
Total fund balances	5,492,161	2,006,658	5,135,981	4,133,284	16,768,084
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 8,261,505	\$ 2,069,236	\$ 5,240,671	\$ 4,805,217	\$ 20,376,629

See notes to basic financial statements

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION**  
**GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

Fund balances - total government funds (Page 15) \$ 16,768,084

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.

Governmental capital assets	54,449,207	
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>(19,385,010)</u>	
		35,064,197

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Governmental bonds payable	(6,798,493)	
Compensated absences	(366,407)	
Lease liability	<u>(42,115)</u>	
		(7,207,015)

Debt interest payable that will not be liquidated with current financial resources is not reported in the governmental funds		(163,128)
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OPEB obligations attributable to retiree benefits financed from governmental fund types		(78,625)
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Net pension liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	(3,347,488)	
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Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not recognized in the governmental funds; however, they are reported in the statement of net position under full accrual accounting	967,976	
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Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not recognized in the governmental funds; however, they are reported in the statement of net position under full accrual accounting	<u>(487,580)</u>	
		(2,867,092)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of facilities maintenance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.

Net position of governmental activities (Page 13)		<u><u>\$ 41,516,421</u></u>
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**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE**  
**GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**  
**FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

	Major Funds			Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
	General	Building Department	Capital Projects		
<b>Revenues:</b>					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 8,384,571	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,384,571
Utility taxes	3,370,612	-	-	616,953	3,987,565
Franchise fees	1,424,664	-	-	-	1,424,664
Communication service tax	947,360	-	-	-	947,360
Other taxes	124,176	-	150,160	400,358	674,694
Licenses and permits	215,973	1,449,915	-	61,525	1,727,413
Intergovernmental	4,400,630	15	1,447,465	2,008,888	7,856,998
Fines and forfeitures	176,789	-	-	-	176,789
Service charges	170,421	-	-	-	170,421
Impact fees					
Public safety	-	-	-	4,681	4,681
Parks	-	-	-	19,783	19,783
Investment income	87,980	8,706	6,604	9,046	112,336
Special assessments	-	-	-	1,400,911	1,400,911
Other	133,601	-	-	176,290	309,891
Total revenues	<u>19,436,777</u>	<u>1,458,636</u>	<u>1,604,229</u>	<u>4,698,435</u>	<u>27,198,077</u>
<b>Expenditures:</b>					
<b>Current:</b>					
<b>General government</b>					
Town council	581,205	-	-	-	581,205
Town administration and finance	2,719,882	-	-	-	2,719,882
Legal	293,811	-	-	-	293,811
Public safety	8,955,708	1,580,093	-	-	10,535,801
Parks and recreation	3,097,858	-	9,207	-	3,107,065
Transportation / public works	1,206,195	-	733	1,645,853	2,852,781
Administrative	-	-	-	1,423,424	1,423,424
<b>Debt service:</b>					
Principal	166,893	-	-	210,000	376,893
Interest	1,120	-	-	500,207	501,327
Capital outlay	39,786	-	1,181,787	127,835	1,349,408
Total expenditures	<u>17,062,458</u>	<u>1,580,093</u>	<u>1,191,727</u>	<u>3,907,319</u>	<u>23,741,597</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>2,374,319</u>	<u>(121,457)</u>	<u>412,502</u>	<u>791,116</u>	<u>3,456,480</u>
<b>Other financing sources (uses)</b>					
Transfers in	-	-	2,222,798	497,500	2,720,298
Transfers out	(1,780,422)	(56,372)	(288,664)	(1,028,470)	(3,153,928)
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(1,780,422)</u>	<u>(56,372)</u>	<u>1,934,134</u>	<u>(530,970)</u>	<u>(433,630)</u>
Net change in fund balances	593,897	(177,829)	2,346,636	260,146	3,022,850
Fund balances - beginning	<u>4,898,264</u>	<u>2,184,487</u>	<u>2,789,345</u>	<u>3,873,138</u>	<u>13,745,234</u>
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$ 5,492,161</u>	<u>\$ 2,006,658</u>	<u>\$ 5,135,981</u>	<u>\$ 4,133,284</u>	<u>\$ 16,768,084</u>

See notes to basic financial statements

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,  
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES  
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (on page 14)  
are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Page 17)		\$ 3,022,850
<p>Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives.</p>		
Expenditures for capital outlays meeting the capitalization threshold	1,349,408	
Less current year depreciation	<u>(1,667,621)</u>	(318,213)
<p>The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to increase (decrease) net position.</p>		
Contribution of capital assets to business-type activities	<u>(423,976)</u>	(423,976)
<p>The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.</p>		
Principal payments	376,893	
Amortization of discount on bonds issued	<u>(1,380)</u>	375,513
<p>Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.</p>		
Changes in accrued interest payable	5,238	
Change in compensated absences	17,112	
Change in OPEB liability	47,941	
Changes in net pension liability and other deferral amounts	<u>(15,316)</u>	54,975
<p>The net change of internal service fund is reported with governmental activities on the statement of activities.</p>		
		<u>-</u>
Change in net position of governmental activities (Page 14)		<u>\$ 2,711,149</u>



**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	<u>Business-Type Activity Enterprise Fund</u>	<u>Internal Service Fund</u>
	<u>Stormwater</u>	<u>Fund</u>
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,104,219	\$ 20,190
Restricted cash	17,588,618	-
Restricted investments	15,028,740	-
Accounts receivable, net	591,906	-
Total current assets	<u>34,313,483</u>	<u>20,190</u>
Noncurrent assets:		
Construction in progress	2,326,551	-
Furniture and equipment	322,359	-
Infrastructure	17,342,376	9,085
Less: accumulated depreciation	(3,828,253)	(3,130)
Total noncurrent assets	<u>16,163,033</u>	<u>5,955</u>
Total assets	<u>50,476,516</u>	<u>26,145</u>
<u>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u>		
Pension	<u>34,417</u>	<u>-</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>34,417</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	1,076,362	26,145
Compensated absences - current	1,949	-
Due to Miami-Dade County - current	14,518	-
Bonds payable - current	243,998	-
Unearned grant revenue	15,187,431	-
Total current liabilities	<u>16,524,258</u>	<u>26,145</u>
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Compensated absences	5,845	-
Net pension liability	153,807	-
Due to Miami-Dade County	43,554	-
Bond payable	18,284,026	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>18,487,232</u>	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities	<u>35,011,490</u>	<u>26,145</u>
<u>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u>		
Pension	38,567	-
Deferred gain on refunding	49,153	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>87,720</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>NET POSITION</u>		
Net investment in capital assets	13,882,070	5,955
Unrestricted	1,529,653	(5,955)
Total net position	<u>\$ 15,411,723</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

See notes to basic financial statements

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES**  
**AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION**  
**PROPRIETARY FUNDS**  
**FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

	Business-Type Activity Enterprise Fund	
	<u>Stormwater</u>	<u>Internal Service Fund</u>
Operating revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 2,472,609	\$ -
Total operating revenues	<u>2,472,609</u>	<u>-</u>
Operating expenses:		
Administrative expenses	576,005	332,127
Contractual services	90,806	-
Repairs and maintenance	440,208	100,897
Depreciation	432,077	606
Total operating expenses	<u>1,539,096</u>	<u>433,630</u>
Operating income (loss)	933,513	(433,630)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Grant revenues	522,845	-
Investment earnings	127,660	-
Interest expense	(628,610)	-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	<u>21,895</u>	<u>-</u>
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	955,408	(433,630)
Contributions and transfers:		
Capital contributions	423,976	-
Loss on transfer of capital asset to general government	-	-
Transfers in	-	433,630
Transfers out	-	-
Net contributions and transfers	<u>423,976</u>	<u>433,630</u>
Change in net position	1,379,384	-
Net position, beginning	<u>14,032,339</u>	<u>-</u>
Net position, ending	<u>\$ 15,411,723</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

See notes to basic financial statements

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**  
**PROPRIETARY FUNDS**  
**FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

	Business-Type Activity Enterprise Fund	Internal Service Fund
	<u>Stormwater</u>	<u>Fund</u>
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from customers, governments and other funds	\$ 9,547,456	\$ -
Cash paid to suppliers	103,986	(320,495)
Cash paid to employees	<u>(282,314)</u>	<u>(113,800)</u>
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	9,369,128	(434,295)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Transfers in (out)	-	433,630
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	<u>-</u>	<u>433,630</u>
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets and furniture and equipment	(2,203,555)	-
Principal retirement of capital debt	(295,375)	-
Interest paid on capital debt	(742,095)	-
Capital grants	<u>522,845</u>	<u>-</u>
Net cash (used in) capital and related financing activities	(2,718,180)	-
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of investments	(15,028,740)	-
Interest and other income	<u>127,660</u>	<u>-</u>
Net cash (used in) investing activities	<u>(14,901,080)</u>	<u>-</u>
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(8,250,132)	(665)
Cash and cash equivalents, October 1	26,942,969	20,855
Cash and cash equivalents , September 30	<u>\$ 18,692,837</u>	<u>\$ 20,190</u>
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	<u>\$ 933,513</u>	<u>\$ (433,630)</u>
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	432,077	606
Change in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in:		
Accounts receivable	(234,107)	-
Deferred outflows of resources for pension	2,472	-
Increase (decrease) in:		
Accounts payable and accrued payroll and benefits	803,671	(1,271)
Unearned revenue	7,332,293	-
Compensated absences	300	-
Net pension liability	122,248	-
Deferred inflows of resources for pension	(72,492)	-
Deferred inflows of resources for deferred gain on bond refunding	<u>49,153</u>	<u>-</u>
Total adjustments	8,435,615	(665)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>\$ 9,369,128</u>	<u>\$ (434,295)</u>
Noncash investing, capital and related financing activities:		
Deferred gain on bond refunding	\$ 49,153	\$ -
Contribution of capital assets	<u>423,976</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 473,129</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

See notes to basic financial statements



**NOTES TO BASIC  
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

**NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**A. Organization**

The Town of Miami Lakes, Florida (the "Town") was incorporated in fiscal year 2001 and is a political subdivision of the State of Florida located in northwestern Miami-Dade County. The Town operates under a Mayor-Council-Manager form of government, with the legislative function being vested in a seven-member Council. The Town Council is governed by the Town Charter and by the state and local laws and regulations. The Town Council is responsible for establishment and adoption of policy. The Town provides the following range of municipal services authorized by its charter: public safety, streets, stormwater, health and social services, culture, recreation, bus transportation, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

The accounting policies of the Town conform to Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting.

This summary of significant accounting policies is presented to assist the reader in interpreting the basic financial statements of the Town of Miami Lakes, Florida. The policies are considered essential and should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements.

**B. Financial Reporting Entity**

The Town was incorporated in accordance with the Constitution of the State of Florida and the Home Rule Charter of Miami-Dade County on December 5, 2000, to carry on a centralized government. The Town Council is responsible for legislative and fiscal control of the Town. A Town Manager is appointed by the Council and is responsible for administrative and fiscal control of the resources of the Town.

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended by GASB Statements No. 39 and 61, which establishes standards for defining and reporting on the financial reporting entity. The definition of the financial reporting entity is based upon the concept that elected officials are accountable to their constituents for their actions. One of the objectives of financial reporting is to provide users of financial statements with a basis for assessing the accountability of the elected officials. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity to be misleading or incomplete. The Town is financially accountable for a component unit if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and it is able to impose its financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the Town. Based on the application of these criteria, there were no component units to the Town for fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

**NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

**C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a specific function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. The internal service fund is included in the proprietary fund financial statements.

**D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation**

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting similar to the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within six (6) months of the end of the current fiscal period, except for property taxes, for which the period is 60 days. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, utility taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America set forth minimum criteria (percentage of assets plus deferred outflows of resources, liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, revenue or expenditures/expenses of the applicable fund category and the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The non-major funds are presented in one column in the respective fund financial statements.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

**NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

**D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)**

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund** – This fund is the government’s primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

**Building Department Fund** – This fund is used to account for and report the receipts of building permits and other fees that are restricted for building permitting and inspection activities. The department performs plan review for all commercial and residential construction, mandatory inspections for all phases of construction to ensure compliance with building safety regulations, collects permit fees and issues permits for residential and commercial construction, and issues certificates of completion and occupancy.

**Capital Projects Fund** – This fund is used to account for the construction of major capital projects, other than those financed by the proprietary funds, or the Series 2010 Special Obligation Bond.

The Town reports the following major proprietary fund:

**Stormwater Utility Fund** – This fund is used to account for the provision of stormwater maintenance and capital improvements within the Town.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

**Special Revenue Fund** – This fund is used to account for and report the receipts of local option fuel tax and county-shared fuel tax that are legally restricted for expenditures related to development, construction equipping, maintenance, operations or expansion of public transportation system, roads and bridges.

**Neighborhood Service Districts Fund** – This fund is used to account for the cost to provide public improvements and special services through a non-ad valorem assessment. Non-ad valorem assessments represent a cost share assigned to a group of properties to pay all or part of the cost associated with a specific public service or improvement, such as security guard services, lighting, lake, and landscape maintenance, primarily benefitting those properties.

**Impact Fees Fund** – This fund is used to account for the parks and public safety impact fees used to fund the cost of additional capital resources required to maintain and accommodate projected population growth due to new development.

**Debt Service Fund** – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and payment of principal, interest and related costs of the Town’s special obligation bonds.

**Infrastructure Replacement Fund** – This fund is used for purposes of accumulating resources to fund long-term capital expenditures.

**Internal Service Fund** – This fund is used to account for the Town’s facilities maintenance services, all of which are provided to other Town departments.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

**NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

**D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)**

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the Town's enterprise fund functions and various other functions of the Town. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes, whose purpose has not been restricted to a specific program.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from user fees for providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the stormwater enterprise fund are charges to customers for services to maintain and refurbish the stormwater system. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

**E. Deposits and Investments**

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, investments with the State Board of Administration (SBA) investment pools (Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 2A-7 Pool), certificates of deposit, money markets, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State Statutes requires all deposits of the Town, including demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts, and money market accounts to be held in institutions designated by the Treasurer of the State of Florida as "qualified depositories" and accordingly, are covered by a collateral pool as required by that statute.

Investments are reported at fair value, which are based on quoted market prices. Investments owned by the Town are accounted for in the Town's investment pool. Income earned from this pool is allocated to the respective funds based on average monthly balances.

The reported value of the pool is the same as their fair value of the pool shares for participants in Pool A. Investments, including restricted investments, consist of securities of governmental agencies unconditionally guaranteed by the U.S. Government.



**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

**NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

**F. Receivables and Payables**

Receivables include amounts due from other governments and others for services provided by the Town. Receivables are recorded and revenues are recognized as earned or as specific program expenditures/expenses are incurred based on the accounting basis required for that fund.

All trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. An allowance for uncollectible accounts is provided when necessary for all trade receivables outstanding over 60 days.

**G. Interfund Receivables and Payables**

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" or "advances to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

**H. Prepaid Items**

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements using the consumption method. The governmental fund financial statements consider prepaid items to be nonspendable fund balance.

**I. Property Taxes**

Property taxes are assessed as of January 1 each year and are first billed (levied) and due the following November 1.

Under Florida law, the assessment of all properties and the collection of all county, municipal, school board and special district property taxes are consolidated in the Office of the County Property Appraiser and County Tax Collector. The laws for the State regulating tax assessments are also designed to assure a consistent property valuation method statewide. State statutes permit municipalities to levy property taxes at a rate of up to 10 mills (\$10 per \$1,000 of assessed taxable valuation). The millage rate assessed by the Town for the year ended September 30, 2022 was 2.3127.

The Town's tax levy is established by the Town Council prior to October 1st of each year, and the County Property Appraiser incorporates the millage into the total tax levy, which includes Miami-Dade County, Miami- Dade County School Board and certain other special taxing districts.

All real and tangible personal property taxes are due and payable on November 1st of each year or as soon as practicable thereafter as the assessment roll is certified by the County Property Appraiser. Miami-Dade County mails each property owner on the assessment roll a notice of the taxes due and collects the taxes for the Town. Taxes may be paid upon receipt of the notice from Miami-Dade County, with discounts at the rate of 4% if paid in the month of November, 3% if paid in the month of December, 2% if paid in the month of January and 1% if paid in the month of February. Taxes paid during the month of March are without discount, and all unpaid taxes on real and tangible personal property become delinquent and liens are placed on April 1st of the year following the year in which the taxes were assessed. Procedures for the collection of delinquent taxes by Miami-Dade County are provided for in the laws of Florida.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

**NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

**J. Capital Assets**

Capital assets are defined by the Town as property, equipment and infrastructure with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at acquisition value as of the date of donation. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all depreciable assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	39
Furniture and equipment	5-20
Leasehold improvements	15
Infrastructure	40

When capital assets are sold or disposed of, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the financial records and a resulting gain or loss is recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

**K. Leases**

Leases are defined as the right to use an underlying asset. As a lessee, the Town recognized a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use (RTU) lease asset at the beginning of a lease unless the lease is considered a short-term lease or transfers ownership of the underlying asset. RTU lease assets are initially recorded at the initial measurement of the lease liability, plus lease payments made at or before the commencement of the lease term, less any lease incentives received from the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease, plus initial direct costs that are ancillary to place the asset into service. Lease assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset. Remeasurement of a lease liability occurs when there is a change in the lease term and/or other changes that are likely to have a significant impact on the lease liability.

The Town calculates the amortization of the discount on the lease liability and report that amount as outflows of resources. Leases that do not have implicit interest rates, the incremental borrowing rates (IBR) are used. IBR's are estimated rates the Town would be charged for borrowing the lease payment amounts during the lease term. Payments are allocated first to accrued interest liability and then to the lease liability. Variable lease payments based on the usage of the underlying assets are not included in the lease liability calculations but are recognized as outflows of resources in the period in which the obligation was incurred.

**L. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town has pension amounts that qualify for reporting in this category on the government-wide statement of net position in the amount of \$1,002,393.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

**NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

**L. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (continued)**

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as inflows of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town has pension amounts and deferred gain on bond refunding amounts that qualify for reporting in this category in the amount of \$526,147 and \$49,153, respectively.

**M. Compensated Absences**

It is the Town's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. Vacation pay and sick pay benefits are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

All vacation and sick leave is accrued and reported as a fund liability when it is probable that the Town will compensate the employee with expendable available financial resources. Vacation and sick leave is accrued when incurred in proprietary funds and reported as a fund liability. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. For governmental funds, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

**N. Unearned Revenue**

Resources that do not meet revenue recognition requirements (not earned), such as grants, are classified as liabilities and recorded as unearned revenue in the government-wide and the fund financial statements. As of September 30, 2022, the Town received approximately \$15.2 million in funding from the American Rescue Plan Act that will be utilized for stormwater infrastructure improvements. This amount will be applied to eligible expenses in subsequent years.

**O. Long-Term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund type in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Debt premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt using the straight-line method, which does not result in a material difference from the effective interest method. The face amount of the debt issued is reported net of bond premiums and discounts. Debt issuance costs are expensed in the year they are incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize debt premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditure.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

**NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

**P. Net Position**

Total equity as of September 30, 2022 is classified into three components of net position:

**Net investment in capital assets** – consists of capital assets (including restricted capital assets), net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

**Restricted net position** – consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Unrestricted net position** – all other net position that do not meet the definition of “restricted” or “net investment in capital assets”.

**Q. Fund Balance**

The Town follows Governmental Accounting Standards for *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Type Definitions*, which requires that governmental fund financial statements present fund balance based on classification that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental fund can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

**Non-spendable** – Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in not spendable form (such as inventory) or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

**Restricted** – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, Town Code, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

**Committed** – Amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Town itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., Town Council). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Town takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint. Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action (i.e., ordinance) of the Town Council, the Town’s highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may only be changed or lifted by the Town Council taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.

**Assigned** – Amounts the Town intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the Town Council or by an official or body to which the Town Council delegates the authority. Amounts that the Town intends to use for a specific purpose; the intent shall be expressed by the Town Council or may be delegated to the Town Manager.

**Unassigned** – This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

**NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

**Q. Fund Balance (continued)**

**Minimum level of Unassigned Fund Balance Policy:**

The Town's reserve policy ordinance requires that the Town maintain 15% of budgeted general fund expenditures on hand as a reserve whenever possible. When expenditure is incurred for the purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted funds are available, the Town considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When expenditures are incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Town considers amounts to have been first expended out of committed funds then assigned funds and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Town Council or Town Manager has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

The Town will use restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the Town will first use committed fund balance, followed by assigned fund balance and then unassigned fund balance when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

**R. Net Position Flow Assumption**

Sometimes the Town will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted-net position and unrestricted-net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which resources are considered to be applied. It is the Town's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted-net position is applied.

**S. Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of assets, liabilities, disclosures of contingent liabilities, revenues and expenditures/expenses reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. These estimates include assessing the collectability of receivables, the realization of pension obligations, OPEB and the useful lives of capital assets. Although these estimates are based on management's knowledge of current events and actions it may undertake in the future, they may ultimately differ from actual results.

**T. Restricted Assets**

Certain resources set aside for the repayment of bonds are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because their use is limited by the applicable bond indenture covenants.

**U. Capital Contributions**

Capital contributions in proprietary fund financial statements arise from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

**NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

**V. New Accounting Pronouncements**

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, "Leases". The statement increases the usefulness of government's financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on payment provisions of the contract. It also establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The statement has been implemented retroactively effective October 1, 2021. As of October 31, 2021, the implementation resulted in recognition of right-to-use assets of \$66,130 with a corresponding lease liability of \$66,130, with no change to beginning net position.

**NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY**

By its nature as a local government unit, the Town is subject to various federal, state, and local laws and contractual regulations. The Town has no material violations of finance-related legal and contractual obligations.

**1. Fund Accounting Requirements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like any other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related requirements, bond covenants, and segregation for management purposes. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 had no effect on net position as reported September 30, 2021.

**2. Revenue Restrictions**

The Town has various restrictions placed over certain revenue sources from federal, state, or local requirements. The primary revenue sources include:

<u>Revenue Source</u>	<u>Legal Restrictions of Use</u>
Transportation & Gas Surtax	Roads, sidewalks, streets, busing, streetlights and other transportation expenses
Mobility Fee	Multi-modal transportation improvements
Impact Fees (Parks & Police)	Capital projects, improvements and to offset additional costs
Building Permits and Fees	Building permitting and inspection activities

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the Town complied, in all material respects, with these revenue restrictions.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

**NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (continued)**

**3. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations**

For the year ended September 30, 2022, there were no excess of expenditures over appropriations to report.

**NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

**Cash and Cash Equivalents**

As of September 30, 2022, the balance of the Town's cash deposits were \$36,646,571. All deposits are held in banking institutions approved by the State of Florida to hold public funds. The Town's deposits are considered insured and collateralized with securities held by the Town or by its agent in the Town's name as discussed below.

*Custodian credit risk* for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the Town's deposits are entirely insured by federal depository insurance or collateralized by the multiple financial institution collateral pool pursuant to Florida Statutes, Chapter 280, "Florida Security for Public Deposit Act". Under this Act, all qualified public depositories are required to pledge eligible collateral having a fair value equal to or greater than the average daily or monthly balance of all public deposits, multiplied by the depository's collateral pledging level.

**Investments**

Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, limits the types of investments that a government can invest in unless specifically authorized in an investment policy. On December 13, 2011, the Town adopted Ordinance 11-139 which provides for a comprehensive investment policy pursuant to Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, and established permitted investments, issuer limits, credit rating requirements and maturity limits to protect the Town's cash and investment assets. The investment policy applies to all cash and investments held or controlled by the Town with the exception of funds related to the issuance of debt.

The Town's investment policy allows for the following investments:

- Direct obligations of the U. S. Government, its Agencies or Instrumentalities;
- Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market mutual funds;
- Insured or fully collateralized Certificates of Deposit;
- Intergovernmental investment pools authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act functioning as a money market mutual;
- Financial institution deposits that are in Qualified Public Depositories of the State in accordance with Chapter 280.02, Florida Statutes;
- Repurchase agreements secured by direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its Agencies or Instrumentalities.

The Town's overall investment objectives are, in order of priority, the safety of principal, liquidity of funds and maximizing investment income.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

**NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)**

The Town invests in two certificates of deposit. The certificates bear an interest rate of .035% and 0.30%, respectively. The certificates of deposit with an original maturity of greater than three months totaling approximately \$5,009,000 and \$10,020,000, respectively are presented as investments in the accompanying statement of net position.

The SBA administers Florida PRIME ("PRIME"), which is governed by Chapter 19-7 of the Florida Administrative Code and Chapters 215 and 219 of the Florida Statutes. These rules provide guidance and establish the policies and general operating procedures of the administration of PRIME. PRIME is not a registrant with the Securities and Exchange Commission; however, the SBA has adopted operating procedures consistent with the requirements for a 2a-7 fund, which permits money market funds to use amortized cost to maintain a constant net asset value ("NAV") of \$1 per share. The fair value of the position in the Florida PRIME is equal to the value of the pool shares. At September 30, 2022, the Town's investment in the Florida PRIME was that of \$11,377 which is presented as investments in the accompanying statement of net position. Thus, the Town's account balance in the SBA is its amortized cost.

Additionally, the Office of the Auditor General of the State of Florida performs the operational audit of the activities and investment of the SBA. The SBA accounts are not subject to custodial credit risk as these investments are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or bank entry form.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, the Town's investment in the Florida PRIME meets the definition of a qualifying investment pool that measures for financial reporting purposes all of its investments at amortized cost and should disclose the presence of any limitations or restrictions on withdrawals.

With regard to redemption gates, Chapter 218.409(8)(a), Florida Statutes, states, "The principal, and any part thereof, of each account constituting the trust fund is subject to payment at any time from the moneys in the trust fund. However, the Executive Director may, in good faith, on the occurrence of an event that has a material impact on liquidity or operations of the trust fund, for 48 hours limit contributions to or withdrawals from the trust fund to ensure that the Board can invest moneys entrusted to it in exercising its fiduciary responsibility. Such action must be immediately disclosed to all participants, the Trustees, the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, the Investment Advisory Council, and the Participant Local Government Advisory Council. The Trustees shall convene an emergency meeting as soon as practicable from the time the Executive Director has instituted such measures and review the necessity of those measures. If the Trustees are unable to convene an emergency meeting before the expiration of the 48-hour moratorium on contributions and withdrawals, the Executive Director may extend the moratorium until the Trustees are able to meet to review the necessity for the moratorium. If the Trustees agree with such measures, the Trustees shall vote to continue the measures for up to an additional 15 days. The Trustees must convene and vote to continue any such measures before the expiration of the time limit set, but in no case may the time limit set by the Trustees exceed 15 days."

With regard to liquidity fees, Florida Statute 218.409(4) provides authority for the SBA to impose penalties for early withdrawal, subject to disclosure in the enrollment materials of the amount and purpose of such fees. At present, no such disclosure has been made.

As of September 30, 2022, there were no redemption fees, maximum transaction amounts, or any other requirements that serve to limit a participant's daily access to 100 percent of their account value.



**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

**NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)**

**Investments (continued)**

*Interest rate risk* is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in interest rates. As a mean of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the Town's investment policy limits the Town's investment portfolio to maturities not to exceed two years for operating and debt service funds and not to exceed three years for capital project or special purpose funds. The weighted average days to maturity (WAM) of the Florida PRIME as of September 30, 2022 is 21 days. Next interest rate reset dates for floating rate securities are used in the calculation of the WAM. The weighted average life (WAL) of Florida PRIME at September 30, 2022, is 72 days.

*Credit risk* is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The Town's investment policy specifically sets parameters to minimize the Town's credit risk by:

- Limiting investment to the safest type of issuer
- Pre-qualifying the financial institution, pools, money market mutual funds, and broker/dealer with which the Town will do business, and
- Diversifying the investment portfolio so that potential losses on individual issuers will be minimized.

The Town's investment in Florida PRIME was rated AAAM by Standard and Poor's as of September 30, 2022.

*Custodial credit risk* for investment is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The Town's investment policy requires that a bank or banks shall be contracted for the safekeeping or custody of securities owned by the Town as part of its investment portfolio or pledged to the Town as collateral. Securities owned by the Town shall be evidenced by safekeeping receipts of the institution holding the securities. All security transactions shall utilize the "delivery versus payment" procedures for settlement. All of the Town's investments at September 30, 2022 are being kept by a third-party commercial trust bank and are fully secured and collateralized under the name of the Town or its agent.

**NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES**

Receivables as of September 30, 2022 were as follows:

	General Fund	Building Department Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Stormwater Fund
Due from other governments	\$ 603,360	\$ -	\$ 13,044	\$ 405,726	\$ 591,906
Other	362,531	131,695	-	343,731	-
Total receivables	<u>\$ 965,891</u>	<u>\$ 131,695</u>	<u>\$ 13,044</u>	<u>\$ 749,457</u>	<u>\$ 591,906</u>

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

**NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (continued)**

Payables as of September 30, 2022 for the Town's governmental funds were as follows:

	General Fund	Building Department Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Vendors	\$ 2,671,364	\$ 62,578	\$ 104,690	\$ 389,585	\$ 3,228,217
Total (fund statements)	<u>\$ 2,671,364</u>	<u>\$ 62,578</u>	<u>\$ 104,690</u>	<u>\$ 389,585</u>	<u>\$ 3,228,217</u>

Payables as of September 30, 2022 for the Town's governmental activities (government-wide statements) were as follows:

	Fund Statements	Bond Interest Payable	Total Governmental Activities
Vendors	\$ 3,254,362	\$ 163,128	\$ 3,417,490
Total	<u>\$ 3,254,362</u>	<u>\$ 163,128</u>	<u>\$ 3,417,490</u>

Payables as of September 30, 2022 for the Town's proprietary funds were as follows:

	Stormwater Fund	Internal Service Fund	Total Proprietary Funds
Vendors	\$ 1,024,299	\$ 26,145	\$ 1,050,444
Interest	52,063	-	52,063
Total (fund statements)	<u>\$ 1,076,362</u>	<u>\$ 26,145</u>	<u>\$ 1,102,507</u>

**NOTE 5 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS**

As of September 30, 2022, the Town's interfund balances consisted of \$616,953 owed to the General Fund from the Debt Service Fund for unused electric utility tax revenues to be transferred to the General Fund for normal operating purposes.

Interfund transfers for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

	Transfer In					Total
	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Stormwater Fund	Internal Service Fund	
<u>Transfer Out</u>						
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 451,908	\$ 497,500	\$ -	\$ 377,258	\$ 1,326,666
Building Department Fund	-	-	-	-	56,372	56,372
Nonmajor Funds	-	1,770,890	-	-	-	1,770,890
Stormwater Fund	-	-	-	-	-	-
	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,222,798</u>	<u>\$ 497,500</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 433,630</u>	<u>\$ 3,153,928</u>

Purposes of significant transfers made during the 2022 fiscal year are as follows:

- The General Fund transferred \$266,178 to the Internal Service Fund for police and administrative expenses.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

**NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS (continued)**

- The General Fund transferred \$346,000 to the Special Revenue Fund for various road improvement expenses.
- The General Fund transferred \$885,664 to the Capital Projects Fund to partially finance the following capital projects of the Town; Miami Lakes Optimist Park tennis court lighting project, Senior Center buildout, Pocket Parks playground equipment, Canine Cove resodding, street lighting project, curbing for parks and right-of-ways.
- The General Fund transferred \$20,000 to the Capital Projects Fund for a police security fence.
- The General Fund transferred \$150,000 to the Infrastructure Fund for the renewal and replacement of infrastructure.
- The General Fund transferred \$377,258 to the Internal Service Fund to cover building operating expenses.
- The Building Fund transferred \$56,372 to the Internal Service Fund to cover building operating expenses.
- The Special Revenue Fund transferred \$1,020,000 to the Capital Projects Fund to finance the 59<sup>th</sup> Avenue Roadway extension project, and Green 2.0 project.
- The Special Revenue fund transferred \$8,470 to the Capital Projects Fund to cover prior year shortage.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

**NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance*	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 6,056,872	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,056,872
Construction in progress	2,310,968	826,862	(262,623)	(423,976)	2,451,231
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>8,367,840</u>	<u>826,862</u>	<u>(262,623)</u>	<u>(423,976)</u>	<u>8,508,103</u>
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:					
Furniture and equipment	4,400,541	153,409	-	-	4,553,950
Buildings	10,178,845	-	-	-	10,178,845
Leasehold improvements	90,558	-	-	-	90,558
Infrastructure	30,426,809	631,760	-	-	31,058,569
Right-to-Use Asset	66,130	2,137	-	-	68,267
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized	<u>45,162,883</u>	<u>787,306</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>45,950,189</u>
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:					
Furniture and equipment	(3,435,319)	(256,038)	-	-	(3,691,357)
Buildings	(1,869,431)	(282,874)	-	-	(2,152,305)
Leasehold improvements	(90,558)	-	-	-	(90,558)
Infrastructure	(12,324,605)	(1,103,163)	-	-	(13,427,768)
Right-to-Use Asset	-	(26,152)	-	-	(26,152)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	<u>(17,719,913)</u>	<u>(1,668,227)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(19,388,140)</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	<u>27,442,970</u>	<u>(880,921)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>26,562,049</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 35,810,810</u>	<u>\$ (54,059)</u>	<u>\$ (262,623)</u>	<u>\$ (423,976)</u>	<u>\$ 35,070,152</u>
Business-type activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Construction in progress	\$ 1,650,198	\$ 2,203,554	\$ (1,951,177)	\$ 423,976	\$ 2,326,551
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>1,650,198</u>	<u>2,203,554</u>	<u>(1,951,177)</u>	<u>423,976</u>	<u>2,326,551</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Infrastructure	15,391,199	1,951,177	-	-	17,342,376
Furniture and equipment	322,359	-	-	-	322,359
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>15,713,558</u>	<u>1,951,177</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>17,664,735</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Infrastructure	(3,120,822)	(399,639)	-	-	(3,520,461)
Furniture and equipment	(275,354)	(32,438)	-	-	(307,792)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(3,396,176)</u>	<u>(432,077)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(3,828,253)</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	<u>12,317,382</u>	<u>1,519,100</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>13,836,482</u>
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 13,967,580</u>	<u>\$ 3,722,654</u>	<u>\$ (1,951,177)</u>	<u>\$ 423,976</u>	<u>\$ 16,163,033</u>

\* As restated, see Note 1

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

**NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)**

Depreciation expense charged to functions/programs of the primary government are as follows:

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government	\$ 416,188
Public safety	64,729
Transportation	555,783
Parks and recreation	631,527
Total depreciation/amortization expense - governmental activities	\$ 1,668,227

Business-type activities:

Stormwater utility	\$ 432,077
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 432,077

**NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT**

**Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2010**

Pursuant to Ordinance Number 2010-127, Resolution Number 2010-857 and Resolution Number 2010-858, on December 16, 2010, the Town issued \$7.33 million of Town of Miami Lakes, Florida, Special Obligation Bonds, Federally Taxable Series 2010 (Government Center Project) (Build America Bonds – Direct Payment) (the “Series 2010 Bonds”) to pay all the costs of purchasing, designing and construction of a new Government Center, pay capitalized interest, fund a debt service reserve and, together with other available funds, to pay costs of issuance.

The Series 2010 Bonds are collateralized by the Electric Utility Tax Revenues and are due serially beginning December 1, 2019 through the year 2040 with semi-annual interest due on June 1 and December 1 each year. Revenue requirements include at least 1.25 times the maximum principal and interest on all outstanding bonds.

Events of default include a failure to make a payment of principal or interest due on the bond. In the event of default, the owners of not less than the majority of the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds outstanding may, by written notice to the Town, declare the principal of all the outstanding Bonds to be due and payable immediately; and the owners of not less than 25% of the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds outstanding may, by suit or other proceedings, protect and enforce any and all rights of the bondholders under the laws of the State of Florida.

Under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 Congress added certain provisions to the Internal Revenue Code (the “Code”) which made it possible for state and local governments to potentially obtain lower net borrowing costs when issuing bonds that meet certain requirements of the Code and the related Treasury Regulations (“qualified bonds”). A Build America Bond is a “qualified bond” where the issuer has made an irrevocable election to have the special rules applicable to the qualified bonds.

A Build America Bond that constitutes a “qualified bond” entitles the issuer to receive direct subsidy payments from the United States Department of the Treasury, upon meeting certain other additional requirements, in the amount of 35% of the corresponding interest payable on the related bonds. The Series 2010 Bonds were issued as “qualified bonds”. Bonds bear interest rates ranging from 7.05% to 7.627%.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

**NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)**

**Arbitrage**

Arbitrage refers to the profit earned by investing tax-exempt bond funds in higher yielding investments. Under federal arbitrage regulations, an issuer of tax-exempt bonds is allowed to earn this profit for a certain period of time during the construction period of the related project. Once this time period has expired, the profit realized on any recurring bond proceeds is subject to rebate to the federal government. These federal arbitrage regulations apply to all of tax-exempt issues. As of September 30, 2022, the Town is not subject to the rebate provisions of the arbitrage regulations on its Series 2010 Bonds.

**Quality Neighborhood Improvement Program Bonds**

Prior to the Town's incorporation, Miami-Dade County issued \$77,640,000 in Florida Public Service Tax Revenue Bonds (UMSA Public Improvements) Series 1999 (the Revenue Bonds). The County pledged the Unincorporated Municipal Service Area's (UMSA) utility tax revenues for debt service on the Revenue Bonds. Unlike other Miami-Dade municipalities that have incorporated subsequent to the issuance of the Revenue Bonds, there are no written agreements, contracts or other verified requirements for the Town's participation in the repayment of the Revenue Bonds. The County has asserted a claim that the Town should participate in yearly Quality Neighborhood Improvement Program (QNIP) Debt Service Payments through 2024. Under the County's assertions, the Town's QNIP Debt Service Payment would be based on utility tax revenue collected by the Town during the year as a percentage of the total UMSA utility tax revenues for that year multiplied by the total debt service payment due by the County on the Revenue Bonds for that year.

During fiscal year 2010, Town management worked with the County to achieve a settlement of this and other financial issues outstanding between the two governments. On January 28, 2010, the Town Council in a Special Call Meeting authorized the Town staff to move forward and enter into an agreement with Miami-Dade County pursuant to which the Town would agree to pay all outstanding QNIP payments owed to the County under a structured settlement plan which the County had proposed.

The settlement terms called for a payment plan by the Town of \$153,423 annually beginning in fiscal year 2010 through 2024. The County subsequently refinanced the QNIP bonds which resulted in an amendment to the interlocal agreement to reduce the Town's debt service share. Remaining annual debt service payments from 2022 through 2024 will approximate \$142,000. During fiscal year 2022, the Town paid \$140,741 of its QNIP share to Miami-Dade County.

**Stormwater Utility Revenue Bonds**

***Stormwater Utility Revenue Bonds, Series 2010***

In October 2003, the County and the Town entered into an agreement to transfer to the Town the operations and the maintenance of the Town's Stormwater utility system located within the Town's boundaries. As part of the agreement, the billing and collection activities will remain under the administration of the County's Water and Sewer Department ("Department") for an administrative fee of \$1.17 per utility bill processed by the Department. The agreement is effective for a period of 5 years and is renewable by written mutual consent of both parties.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

**NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)**

**Stormwater Utility Revenue Bonds (continued)**

***Stormwater Utility Revenue Bonds, Series 2010 (continued)***

In addition, the agreement requires the Town to pay the County a yearly debt service payment through the year 2024 based on 2.4% of the Annual Debt Service Payment of the \$41,580,000 Miami-Dade County Stormwater Utility Revenue Bonds, Series 1999.

On September 9, 2020, Miami Dade County issued Stormwater Utility Revenue Refunding Bond, Series 2020. The proceeds were used to refund the Series 2013 Bonds. The refunding resulted in a decrease in future debt payments and an economic gain. As a result of this, the County adjusted the Town's required payment schedule. This resulted in a reduction in the amount of principal to be paid over the remaining life and an increase in the amount of interest to be paid. This resulted in a cash flow savings of approximately \$18,000 per year over the life of the new payment plan to the County. As a result of the decrease in principal paid, during 2022 the Town reported a deferred gain on refunding of \$73,729 in the statement of net position which is being amortized to interest expense over the remaining life of the debt. As of September 30, 2022, the remaining balance of the deferred gain on refunding amounted to \$49,153.

***Stormwater Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2021***

Pursuant to Ordinance Number 21-279, Resolution Number 21-1753, and Resolution Number 21-1765, on August 12, 2021, the Town issued \$15,500,000 of Town of Miami Lakes, Florida Stormwater Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2021. The Bonds were issued to finance the costs of improvements to the Town's Stormwater Utility System, expenses relating to the issuance of the Bonds, including, without limitation, the premium for a municipal bond insurance policy insuring the Series 2021 Bonds. The Bonds bear interest at a rate between 3% and 5%, and are due serially beginning September 1, 2022 through the year 2051 with semi-annual interest due March 1 and September 1 each year.

The bonds are secured by and payable from the net revenues of the Stormwater Utility System.

The payment of the principal and interest on the Series 2021 Bonds is being guaranteed by a municipal bond insurance policy issued by Build America Mutual Assurance Company ("BAM") and in connection therewith, the Town and BAM entered into an Agreement Regarding Bond Insurance dated as of August 12, 2021. The Reserve Account Requirement for the Series 2021 Bonds is being satisfied through a debt service reserve insurance policy issued by BAM and in connection therewith the Town and BAM are entered into a Debt Service Reserve Agreement dated as of August 12, 2021.

An event of default includes a failure to make a payment of principal or interest due on the bond. In the event of default, the owners of not less than 10% of the aggregate principal amount of the Series 2021 Bonds outstanding may, by suit or other proceedings, protect and enforce any and all rights of the bondholders under the laws of the State of Florida.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

**NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)**

**Stormwater Utility Revenue Bonds (continued)**

***Stormwater Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2021 (continued)***

Arbitrage refers to the profit earned by investing tax-exempt bond funds in higher yielding investments. Under federal arbitrage regulations, an issuer of tax-exempt bonds is allowed to earn this profit for a certain period of time during the construction period of the related project. Once this time period has expired, the profit realized on any recurring bond proceeds is subject to rebate to the federal government. These federal arbitrage regulations apply to all of tax-exempt issues. As of September 30, 2022, the Town is not subject to the rebate provisions of the arbitrage regulations on its Series 2021 Stormwater Utility System Revenue Bonds.

A summary of debt service requirements to maturity for the various bonds are as follows:

September 30,	Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2010		Quality Neighborhood Improvement Program Bonds		Stormwater Utility Revenue Bonds		Stormwater Bond, Series 2021	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2023	\$ 220,000	\$ 485,049	\$ 141,458	\$ 712	\$ 38,998	\$ 15,871	\$ 205,000	\$ 624,750
2024	230,000	469,187	142,203	271	40,911	13,916	215,000	616,550
2025	240,000	452,619	-	-	-	-	295,000	607,950
2026	250,000	435,347	-	-	-	-	310,000	596,150
2027	260,000	416,671	-	-	-	-	335,000	583,750
2028-2032	1,520,000	1,756,667	-	-	-	-	1,920,000	2,673,800
2033-2037	1,920,000	1,104,008	-	-	-	-	2,350,000	2,244,100
2038-2042	1,900,000	298,597	-	-	-	-	2,870,000	1,719,400
2042-2046	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,495,000	1,097,400
2047-2051	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,335,000	340,200
Total	<u>\$ 6,540,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,418,145</u>	<u>\$ 283,661</u>	<u>\$ 983</u>	<u>\$ 79,909</u>	<u>\$ 29,787</u>	<u>\$ 15,330,000</u>	<u>\$ 11,104,050</u>

**Due to Miami-Dade County – Canal Project**

In October 2016 the Town entered into an interlocal agreement with the Miami-Dade County Stormwater Utility for cost sharing of stormwater drainage projects. The terms of the agreement call for a payment plan by the Town of \$15,734 annually, including interest of \$1,216, through 2026.

A summary of debt service requirements to maturity is as follows:

September 30,	Due to Miami-Dade County	
	Principal	Interest
2023	\$ 14,518	\$ 1,216
2024	14,518	1,216
2025	14,518	1,216
2026	14,518	1,216
Total	<u>\$ 58,072</u>	<u>\$ 4,864</u>



**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

**NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)**

Long-term debt activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

	<u>Beginning Balance*</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>	<u>Due Within One Year</u>
<b>Governmental Activities</b>					
Special obligation bonds payable	\$ 6,750,000	\$ -	\$ (210,000)	\$ 6,540,000	\$ 220,000
Less: discount on bonds issued	(26,548)	-	1,380	(25,168)	-
QNIP bonds	424,402	-	(140,741)	283,661	141,458
Net pension liability	1,801,436	2,188,280	(642,228)	3,347,488	-
OPEB	126,566	14,779	(62,720)	78,625	-
Compensated absences	383,519	77,054	(94,166)	366,407	91,603
Lease Liability	66,130	2,137	(26,152)	42,115	24,616
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 9,525,505</u>	<u>\$ 2,282,250</u>	<u>\$ (1,174,627)</u>	<u>\$ 10,633,128</u>	<u>\$ 477,677</u>
<b>Business-Type Activities</b>					
Stormwater utility revenue bonds	\$ 190,766	\$ -	\$ (110,857)	\$ 79,909	\$ 38,998
Stormwater utility system revenue bonds, series 2021	15,500,000	-	(170,000)	15,330,000	205,000
Plus: premium on bonds	3,225,636	-	(107,521)	3,118,115	-
Due to Miami-Dade County	72,590	-	(14,518)	58,072	14,518
Net pension liability	31,560	173,030	(50,783)	153,807	-
Compensated absences	7,494	300	-	7,794	1,949
Business-type activities long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 19,028,046</u>	<u>\$ 173,330</u>	<u>\$ (453,679)</u>	<u>\$ 18,747,697</u>	<u>\$ 260,465</u>

\* As restated, see Note 1

The Town's compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund. Currently, amounts 'Due within One Year' are estimated based on prior years' usage and known terminations resulting in payouts as of the date of the financial statement preparation.

**Pledged Future Revenues**

The Town has pledged the Electric Utility Tax revenues as payment for the Special Obligation Bond issued December 16, 2010. Monthly receipts are deposited into the Utility Tax Revenue Fund to be used to make the monthly debt service payment on the bonds. At the end of the month, unused revenues are then transferred to the General Fund for normal operating purposes. Below is a summary of pledged revenues:

<u>Pledged Revenue</u>	<u>Total Principal and Interest Outstanding</u>	<u>Current Year Principal and Interest Paid</u>	<u>Maximum Principal and Interest</u>	<u>Current Year Revenue</u>	<u>% of Revenue to Principal and Interest Paid</u>	<u>% of Revenues to Maximum Principal and Interest</u>
Electric utility tax	\$ 11,958,145	\$ 710,207	\$ 710,207	\$ 3,342,419	471%	471%

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

**NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)**

**Line of Credit**

The Town entered in a non-revolving line of credit agreement to borrow up to \$15,000,000 with BankUnited for the purpose of providing liquidity to the Town to enable the Town to better respond to an emergency event such as, but not limited to, hurricanes or other natural, biological, or man-made disasters that would require the payment of clean-up, collection and disposal of solid waste or other permitted costs, to assure public safety and provide cash flow relief to the Town's General Fund, including, without limitation, reimbursement to the Town for any such costs previously paid by the Town. The line of credit matured on November 30, 2022. Advances were to bear interest equal to the lower of the rate of interest on 5-year U.S. Treasury Notes, plus one hundred and sixty-five basis points (1.65%) or 3.10%, but in no event less than 1.65%. As of September 30, 2022, this line of credit has not been used. The Town is currently in negotiations for a new line of credit.

**NOTE 8 - LEASES**

The Town adopted GASB Statement No. 87, "Leases" effective October 1, 2021. The Town has recognized right-to-use assets with related accumulated amortization, lease liabilities, lease expense amortization expense, and accrued interest payable as a lessee.

The Town has obtained right-to-use assets such as equipment through long-term leases. At September 30, 2022, right-to-use assets and related accumulated amortization are as follows:

	Beginning Balance*	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Right-to-Use Asset	\$ 66,131	\$ 2,137	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 68,268
Total Right-to-Use Assets	<u>66,131</u>	<u>2,137</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>68,268</u>
Less accumulated amortization for:					
Right-to-Use Asset	-	(26,153)	-	-	(26,153)
Total accumulated amortization	<u>-</u>	<u>(26,153)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(26,153)</u>
Total right-to-use assets, net	<u>\$ 66,131</u>	<u>\$ (24,016)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 42,115</u>

\* As restated, see Note 1

The Town's future annual payments under these leases as of September 30, 2022 are as follows:

<u>September 30,</u>	<u>Lease liability</u>		
	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2023	\$ 24,616	\$ 154	\$ 24,770
2024	13,269	52	13,321
2025	4,230	10	4,240
Total	<u>\$ 42,115</u>	<u>\$ 216</u>	<u>\$ 42,331</u>

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

**NOTE 9 - FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM**

Employees of the Town who are employed in a full-time or part-time regularly established position participate in the statewide Florida Retirement System (FRS). The FRS offers members a choice between the Pension Plan (multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit plan) and the Investment Plan (defined contribution plan). All rates, benefits and amendments are established by the State of Florida through its legislative body.

The FRS has various classes of memberships. Town employees fall under four of the classes, which are as follows:

**Special Risk Class** – All certified law enforcement officers, certified firefighters/paramedics and certified firefighters/EMTs of the Town are covered by this class.

**Senior Management Service Class** – The Town Manager and certain senior management employees (department directors) are included in this class.

**Regular Class** – This class covers all Town employees who do not qualify for membership in the special risk or the senior management service classes.

**Elected Officers' Class** – Town Councilmembers are covered under this class.

Plan Description

Membership in the FRS is required for all full-time and part-time employees working in regularly established positions for state agencies, county governments, district school boards, state universities, and state community colleges; or cities, independent special districts, metropolitan planning districts, and public charter schools that make an irrevocable election to participate. Most Pension Plan members (including renewed members), and State Community College Optional Retirement Program participants may elect to participate in the FRS Investment Plan. Florida Retirement System Pension Plan members who retired and chose to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) are not eligible to become members of the FRS Investment Plan.

Type of Benefit

The Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS) is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer qualified defined benefit plan with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) available for eligible employees. The FRS was established and is administered in accordance with Chapter 121, Florida Statutes. Retirees receive a lifetime pension benefit with joint and survivor payment options. FRS membership is compulsory for employees filling regularly established positions in a state agency, county agency, state university, state community college, or district school board, unless restricted from FRS membership under sections 121.053 and 121.122, Florida Statutes, or allowed to participate in a nonintegrated defined contribution plan in lieu of FRS membership. Participation by municipalities, special districts, charter schools, and metropolitan planning organizations is optional. The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with section 112.363, Florida Statutes. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$150 per month pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under one of the State administered retirement systems must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which can include Medicare.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

**NOTE 9 - FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (continued)**

Average Final Compensation

For members initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, average final compensation (AFC) is the average of the five highest fiscal years of salary earned during covered employment. For members initially enrolled in the FRS on or after July 1, 2011, AFC is the average of the eight highest fiscal years of salary earned during covered employment.

The following chart shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned in relation to the general classes of membership that the Town participates in:

	% Value (per year of service)
<u>Regular Class members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011</u>	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60%
Retirement at age 63 or with 31 years of service	1.63%
Retirement at age 64 or with 32 years of service	1.65%
Retirement at age 65 or with 33 or more years of service	1.68%
<u>Regular Class members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011</u>	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60%
Retirement at age 66 or with 34 years of service	1.63%
Retirement at age 67 or with 35 years of service	1.65%
Retirement at age 68 or with 36 or more years of service	1.68%
<u>Special Risk Class</u>	
Service from December 1, 1970 through September 30, 1974	2.00%
Service on and after October 1, 1974	3.00%
<u>Elected Officers' Class</u>	
Service as Governor, Lt. Governor, Cabinet Officer, Legislator, state attorney, public defender, elected county officer, or elected official of a city or special district that chose EOC membership for its elected officials	3.00%
<u>Senior Management Service Class</u>	2.00%

Vesting

The system provides for vesting of benefits, regardless of membership class, after six years of creditable service for members who are enrolled on or after July 1, 2001 through June 30, 2011 and eight years of creditable service for members who are enrolled on or after July 1, 2011. Vesting for the FRS Investment Plan occurs when an employee completes one year of service in the FRS Investment Plan.

Service Retirement

Normal retirement age in the regular, senior management service and elected officers' classes is 62 for members enrolled before July 1, 2011 and 65 for members enrolled on or after July 1, 2011. In the special risk service class, normal retirement age is 55 for members enrolled before July 1, 2011 and 60 for members enrolled on or after July 1, 2011. If a member is vested but has not reached normal retirement age, early retirement can be taken. The amount of the retirement benefit will be reduced 5% for each year prior to normal retirement.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

**NOTE 9 - FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (continued)**

Service Retirement (continued)

Benefits are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation and service credit. The system also provides for death and disability benefits.

State law provides for all eligible FRS members to elect to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP). The DROP allows an employee to retire and defer their monthly retirement benefit to an interest-bearing account, for up to a maximum of sixty months, and to continue employment with the Town. When the DROP period ends, the employee must terminate employment.

At that time, the employee will receive payment of the accumulated DROP benefits, and direct receipt, thereafter, of the FRS monthly retirement benefit.

Funding Policy

Contributions to the FRS are made by the Town as a percentage of covered payrolls. Effective July 1, 2012, state law instituted a requirement that employees in all classes make a contribution to the FRS of 3.00% of their covered payroll, in addition to the employer's contribution. The required contribution rates in effect at year end for the Town were 11.91% for regular class employees, 31.57% for senior management service class employees, 27.83% for special risk class employees, and 57% for elected officers' class. Additionally, the Town is required to contribute 18.60% for all DROP participants. These rates include the normal cost and unfunded actuarial liability contributions, the 1.66 percent contribution for the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy, and the fee of 0.06 percent for administration of the FRS Investment Plan and provision of educational tools for both plans.

The contribution requirements of covered payroll and actual contributions made for fiscal year 2022 and the two preceding years were as follows:

	<u>FY 2022</u>	<u>FY 2021</u>	<u>FY 2020</u>
Contribution requirements:			
Employer	\$ 422,365	\$ 349,524	\$ 348,157
Employee	<u>113,014</u>	<u>112,477</u>	<u>116,181</u>
Total contribution requirements	\$ 535,379	\$ 462,001	\$ 464,338
Contributions made (100%)	\$ 422,365	\$ 349,524	\$ 348,157
Total covered payroll	\$ 4,018,521	\$ 3,993,384	\$ 4,161,693
Percent of contributions to total covered payroll	10.51%	8.75%	8.37%

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

**NOTE 9 - FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (continued)**

The FRS issues an annual comprehensive financial report including a statement of financial condition, historical and statistical information and an actuarial report. A copy can be obtained from the State of Florida, Division of Retirement at:

Department of Management Services  
 Division of Retirement  
 Research and Education Section  
 P.O. Box 9000  
 Tallahassee, FL 32315-9000  
 850-488-5706 or toll free at 877-377-1737  
<https://www.dms.myflorida.com>

Net Pension Liability

The components of the collective net pension liability of the participating employers for each defined benefit plan for the measurement date of June 30, 2022, are shown below (in thousands):

	FRS	HIS
Total pension liability (A)	\$ 217,434,441	\$ 11,126,966
Plan fiduciary net position (B)	(180,226,405)	(535,368)
Net pension liability (A - B)	\$ 37,208,036	\$ 10,591,598
 Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (B/A)	82.89%	4.81%

The total pension liability for each plan was determined by the Plans' actuary and reported in the Plans' valuations dated July 1, 2022. The fiduciary net position used by the actuary to determine the net pension liability (as shown above) was determined on the same basis used by the Plan. Each Plans' fiduciary net position is reported in the financial statements and the net pension liability is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

The general fund is the primary governmental fund that is typically used to liquidate prior year pension liabilities.

The Town reported a liability of \$3,501,295 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The detail of proportion shares are as follows:

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

**NOTE 9 - FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (continued)**

Net Pension Liability (continued)

FRS Pension Plan					
Employer Contribution for Pension Plan Funding <u>for Prior Period</u>	Proportion at Prior Measurement <u>Date</u>	Employer Contribution for Pension Plan Funding for Current <u>Period</u>	Proportion at Current Measurement <u>Date</u>	Employer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability/Asset at Prior <u>Measurement Date</u>	Employer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability/Asset at <u>Measurement Date</u>
\$ 253,853	0.006663560%	\$ 342,115	0.006421332%	\$ 503,356	\$ 2,389,252
FRS Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program					
Employer Contribution for Pension Plan Funding <u>for Prior Period</u>	Proportion at Prior Measurement <u>Date</u>	Employer Contribution for Pension Plan Funding for Current <u>Period</u>	Proportion at Current Measurement <u>Date</u>	Employer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability/Asset at Prior <u>Measurement Date</u>	Employer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability/Asset at <u>Measurement Date</u>
\$ 63,715	0.010839583%	\$ 80,249	0.010499295%	\$ 1,329,638	\$ 1,112,043

Basis of Allocation

The employer's proportionate share reported in the pension allocation schedules was calculated using accrued retirement contributions for employers that were members of the FRS and HIS during fiscal years 2020/2021 and 2021/2022. Although GASB 68 encourages the use of the employers projected long-term contribution effort to the retirement plan, allocating on the basis of historical employer contributions is acceptable. The aggregate employer contribution amounts for each fiscal year agree to the employer contribution amounts reported in the system's ACFR for that fiscal year.

The proportion calculated based on contributions for each of the fiscal years presented in the pension allocation schedules was applied to the net pension liability and other pension amounts applicable to that fiscal year to determine each employer's proportionate share of the liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and associated pension expense. For the purposes of the pension allocation schedules, pension amounts are allocated to reporting employers. The pension amounts of participating employers whose payrolls are reported and contributions are remitted by another entity are included in the reporting employer's amounts and will be allocated to the participating employer by the reporting employer.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial assumptions for both defined benefit plans are reviewed annually by the Florida Retirement System Actuarial Assumptions Conference. The FRS Pension Plan has a valuation performed annually. The HIS Program has a valuation performed biennially that is updated for GASB reporting in the year a valuation is not performed. The most recent experience study for the FRS Pension Plan covered the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2013. Because the HIS Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, no experience study has been completed for this program. The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability for the HIS Program were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the FRS Pension Plan.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

**NOTE 9 - FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (continued)**

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (continued)

The total pension liability for each of the defined benefit plans was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022, using the individual entry age normal actuarial cost method. Inflation increases for both plans is assumed at 2.40%. Payroll growth for both plans is assumed at 3.25%. Both the discount rate and the long-term expected rate of return used for FRS Pension Plan investments is 6.70%. The plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. Because the HIS Program uses a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a municipal bond rate of 3.54% was used to determine the total pension liability for the program. Mortality assumptions for both plans were based on the Generational PUB-2010 with Projection Scale MP-2018.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2022:

HIS: The total pension liability is calculated on a single equivalent discount rate as required by GASB Statement No. 67. The discount rate used was increased from 2.16% to 3.54% reflecting the change during the fiscal year in the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Bond Municipal Bond Index.

In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability under GASB 67 is equivalent to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go-basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the plan sponsor. The discount rates used at the two dates differ due to changes in the applicable municipal bond rate.

FRS: The discount rate and long-term expected rate of return was decreased from 6.80% to 6.70%, and the active member mortality assumption was updated. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees if future experience follows assumptions and the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) is contributed in full each year. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. The 6.70% rate of return assumption used in the June 30, 2022 calculations was deemed reasonable and appropriate by the actuary per Actuarial Standard of Practice Number 27 (ASOP 27).

The benefits received by retirees and beneficiaries are increased by a COLA each July based on their June benefit amount (excluding the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy benefit). For retirees who have been retired for less than 12 months on July 1, the first COLA increase is prorated. The COLA applies to all continuing monthly retirement benefits paid under the FRS Pension Plan (i.e., normal and early service retirement benefits and benefits accruing in participant accounts under the DROP, disability retirement benefits, and survivor benefits). The COLA for retirements or DROP participation effective before Aug. 1, 2011, is 3 percent per year. The COLA formula for retirees with an effective retirement date or DROP begin date on or after Aug. 1, 2011, will be the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit divided by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. Each Pension Plan member with an effective retirement date of Aug. 1, 2011, or after will have an individual COLA factor for retirement. FRS Pension Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011 will not have a COLA after retirement.



**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

**NOTE 9 - FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (continued)**

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in October 2021 the FRS Actuarial Assumption Conference reviewed long-term assumptions developed by capital market assumptions teams from both Milliman and Aon Hewitt Investment Consulting, investment consultants to the Florida State Board of Administration. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the long-term target asset allocation. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

Asset Class	Target Allocation *	Annual Arithmetic Return	Compound Annual (Geometric) Return	Standard Deviation
Cash equivalents	1.00%	2.60%	2.60%	1.10%
Fixed income	19.80%	4.40%	4.40%	3.20%
Global equity	54.00%	8.80%	7.30%	17.80%
Real estate (property)	10.30%	7.40%	6.30%	15.70%
Private equity	11.10%	12.00%	8.90%	26.30%
Strategic investments	3.80%	6.20%	5.90%	7.60%
Assumed inflation - mean			2.40%	1.30%

\* As outlined in the Plan's investment policy

Sensitivity Analysis

The following tables demonstrate the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The sensitivity analysis shows the impact to the collective net pension liability of the participating employers if the discount rate was 1.00% higher or 1.00% lower than the current discount rate at June 30, 2022.

	FRS		
	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	<u>5.70%</u>	<u>6.70%</u>	<u>7.70%</u>
Total pension liability	\$ 15,704,982	\$ 13,962,187	\$ 12,505,004
Less: fiduciary net position	<u>(11,572,936)</u>	<u>(11,572,936)</u>	<u>(11,572,936)</u>
Net pension liability	<u>\$ 4,132,046</u>	<u>\$ 2,389,252</u>	<u>\$ 932,068</u>

	HIS		
	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	<u>2.54%</u>	<u>3.54%</u>	<u>4.54%</u>
Total pension liability	\$ 1,328,478	\$ 1,168,253	\$ 10,359,044
Less: fiduciary net position	<u>(56,210)</u>	<u>(56,210)</u>	<u>(56,210)</u>
Net pension liability	<u>\$ 1,272,269</u>	<u>\$ 1,112,043</u>	<u>\$ 10,302,834</u>

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

**NOTE 9 - FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (continued)**

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources

In accordance with GASB 68, paragraphs 54 and 71, changes in the net pension liability are recognized as pension expense in the current measurement period, except as indicated below. For each of the following, a portion is recognized in pension expense in the current measurement period, and the balance is amortized as deferred outflows or deferred inflows of resources using a systematic and rational method over a closed period, as defined below:

- Differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic and demographic factors – amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan (active and inactive employees).
- Changes of assumptions or other inputs – amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan (active and inactive employees).
- Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan (active and inactive employees).
- Differences between expected and actual earnings on pension plan investments – amortized over five years contributions to the pension plans from employers are not included in collective pension expense.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the Town recognized pension expense of \$131,480 and \$21,839 for FRS and HIS, respectively. Additionally, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

**NOTE 9 - FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (continued)**

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources (continued)

	FRS Pension		<u>Total</u>
	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	
Changes in:			
Contributions, subsequent to measurement date	\$ 69,123	\$ -	\$ 69,123
Experience expected/actual	113,476	-	113,476
Assumptions/inputs	294,247	-	294,247
Projected/actual earnings	157,764	-	157,764
Changes in proportion, NPL	202,439	(247,640)	(45,201)
<b>Total</b>	<u>\$ 837,049</u>	<u>\$ (247,640)</u>	<u>\$ 589,409</u>

	HIS Program		<u>Total</u>
	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	
Changes in:			
Contributions, subsequent to measurement date	\$ 16,650	\$ -	\$ 16,650
Experience expected/actual	33,753	(4,893)	28,860
Assumptions/inputs	63,743	(172,032)	(108,289)
Projected/actual earnings	1,610	-	1,610
Changes in proportion, NPL	49,588	(101,582)	(51,994)
<b>Total</b>	<u>\$ 165,344</u>	<u>\$ (278,507)</u>	<u>\$ (113,163)</u>

The Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date, \$69,123 and \$16,650 for FRS and HIS, respectively, are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension expense will be recognized as follows:

Reporting Period <u>Ending September 30,</u>	<u>FRS Expense</u>	<u>HIS Expense</u>
2023	\$ 124,618	\$ (16,870)
2024	23,769	(11,943)
2025	(65,403)	(23,273)
2026	421,851	(31,577)
2027	15,451	(32,972)
Thereafter	-	(13,178)
<b>Total</b>	<u>\$ 520,286</u>	<u>\$ (129,813)</u>

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

**NOTE 9 - FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (continued)**

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources (continued)

The required contribution rates in effect at year-end were:

	<u>Employee Contribution</u>	<u>Employer Contribution</u>	<u>Total Contribution</u>
	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Rate</u>
Special Risk Class	3.00%	27.83%	30.83%
Senior Management Service Class	3.00%	37.57%	40.57%
Regular Class	3.00%	11.91%	14.91%
Elected Officer's Class	3.00%	43.77%	46.77%
DROP from FRS	0.00%	18.60%	18.60%

**NOTE 10 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The Town offers to retiring employees a one-time opportunity to participate in the Town’s employee group health and life insurance program pursuant to Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes. This required participation for retirees and their eligible dependents in the health and life insurance program and other coverage listed in the statute of the Town is at a premium cost to the retiree that is no more than the premium cost applicable to active employees. A retiring member who rejects this initial opportunity to continue to participate in the health and life insurance program will not be entitled to another opportunity to renew participation at any time in the future. The coverage provided under this program is supplemental and/or secondary to coverage under any and all other health insurance plans or programs that are provided to or carried by the retiring member from any other source. As of September 30, 2022, there were no participants receiving these post-employment benefits.

The Town’s Retiree Health Care Plan (Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan that covers eligible retired employees of the Town. The Plan, which is administered by the Town, allows employees who retire and meet retirement eligibility requirements under the Florida Retirement System to continue medical insurance coverage as a participant in the Town’s Plan. The Town does not issue separate financial statements for its post-employment health and life insurance program.

Funding Policy

The Town currently pays for post-employment healthcare and life insurance benefits program on a pay-as-you go basis. As of September 30, 2022, the Town has not established a trust fund to irrevocably segregate assets to fund the liability associated with the post-employment benefits, which would require the reporting of a trust fund in accordance with GASB requirements. The contribution requirements are provided for in the collective bargaining agreements negotiated with various unions representing the employees. Life insurance coverage for retiree and spouse is 100% retiree paid.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

The benefits provided are the same as those provided for active employees. Spouses and dependents of eligible retirees are also eligible for medical coverage. All employees of the Town are eligible to receive postemployment health care benefits. All retiree and dependent coverage are at the expense of the retiree.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

**NOTE 10 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)**

As of the October 1, 2021 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the Plan:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	0
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	0
Active plan members	56
	56

Total OPEB Liability

The Town’s total OPEB liability of \$78,625 was measured as of September 30, 2022 and was determined based on an actuarial valuation performed as of October 1, 2021.

The general fund is the primary governmental fund that is typically used to liquidate prior year OPEB liabilities.

Actuarial Assumptions

The Total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	2.50%
Discount Rate	4.77%
Initial Trend Rate	7.50%
Ultimate Trend Rate	4.00%
Years to Ultimate	53

For all lives, mortality rates were PubG-2010 Healthy Mortality Tables projected to the valuation date using Projection Scale MP-2019.

Discount Rate

Given the Town’s decision not to fund the program, all future benefit payments were discounted using a high-quality municipal bond rate of 4.77%. The high-quality municipal bond rate was based on the measurement date of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index (the “Index”) as published by S&P Dow Jones Indices. The Index consists of bonds in the S&P Municipal Bond Index with a maturity of 20 years. Eligible bonds must be rated at least AA by Standard & Poor’s Ratings Services, Aa2 by Moody’s or AA by Fitch. If there are multiple ratings, the lowest rating is used.

OPEB Expense

Under GASB 75 as it applies to plans that qualify for the Alternative Measurement Method, changes in the Total OPEB Liability are not permitted to be included in deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB. These changes will be immediately recognized through OPEB Expense. For the year ended September 30, 2022, the Town recognized OPEB revenue of \$47,941.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

**NOTE 10 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)**

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	Increased and (Decreases) in Total OPEB Liability
Reporting Period Ending September 30, 2021	\$ 126,566
Changes for the Year:	
Service Cost	8,696
Interest	3,353
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	2,730
Changes of Assumptions	(62,720)
Net Changes	(47,941)
Reporting Period Ending September 30, 2022	\$ 78,625

Changes of assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.43% for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2021 to 4.77% for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease 3.77%	Current Discount Rate 4.77%	1% Increase 5.77%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 96,448	\$ 78,625	\$ 64,473

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease 3.00% - 6.50%	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rates 4.00% - 7.50%	1% Increase 5.00% - 8.50%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 62,360	\$ 78,625	\$ 99,477

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

**NOTE 11 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

Agreement with Miami-Dade County for Local Police Patrol Services

Effective November 14, 2004, the Town executed an agreement with Miami-Dade County for local police patrol services provided by the County. Consideration for the services is based utilizing the actual costs of officers and equipment. Services are due on a quarterly basis in accordance with the Town's annual budget. The last payment of the fiscal year is adjusted to actual costs for the year. Additional payments are required for optional law enforcement services. On February 19, 2020, the Town approved a new contract effective October 1, 2019 and expiring September 30, 2024. The Town paid approximately \$8,800,000 to the County for local police patrol services during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

Litigation

The Town is involved in several lawsuits incidental to its operations, the outcome of which, in the opinion of management and legal counsel, should not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Town.

The Town could be liable for some of the former Mayor's attorney fees and costs in defending his federal criminal charges for a demanded amount of approximately \$2,510,000. The Town's legal counsel and management feels that the outcome of this case is difficult to assess due to various factors including that there are other entities involved that may share the risk of an unfavorable outcome and that some of the criminal charges brought against the former Mayor were incurred out of the scope of his duty as Mayor of the Town, and therefore, not entitled to be reimbursed. The Town's legal counsel believes that the Town, in a worst-case scenario, would only be liable for a portion of the former Mayor's legal costs, since the indictment included actions in performance of duties as the attorney for another municipality and the demanded amount for reimbursement is dependent upon a court determination. To date, the case was successfully defended in trial court, resulting in dismissal with prejudice; however, the appellate court overturned the trial court's order dismissing the case and the matter is now before the trial court once again. Based on language in the appellate court's ruling, although there is no certainty, management and legal counsel believe the Town has a fair chance of success in the trial court. The case is pending trial court and is in the discovery phase, as a settlement was not reached. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

The Town is involved in a lawsuit which is being defended by its insurer whereby the Florida Department of Management Services and Division of Retirement claims the Town is jointly and severally liable for repayment of retirement benefits to an individual in the amount of approximately \$445,000. In December 2021, an Administrative Law Judge issued a Recommended Order requiring the Town to pay back the benefits. The Town filed exceptions to the ruling, however, the Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, rejected the exceptions and rendered a final order. On April 21, 2022, the Town filed a Notice of Appeal challenging the final agency action, the briefing of the appeal is ongoing. The outcome of the appeal, subject to court review, will determine whether the Town is liable for any amount. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Grants

The Town has ongoing major initiatives partially funded by grants that are subject to compliance requirements. Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. In the opinion of management, the Town has complied with grant requirements and future disallowances of grant expenditures, if any, would not have a material adverse effect on the Town's financial condition.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

**NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the Town carries commercial insurance. The Town also provides employee medical benefits through commercial insurance coverage. There were no reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year. Settled claims did not exceed coverage for the past three years.





**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY  
INFORMATION**

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE**  
**GENERAL FUND**  
**FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 8,327,160	\$ 8,327,160	\$ 8,384,571	\$ 57,411
Utility taxes	3,055,000	3,055,000	3,370,612	315,612
Franchise fees	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,424,664	224,664
Communication service tax	999,399	999,399	947,360	(52,039)
Other taxes	140,000	140,000	124,176	(15,824)
Licenses and permits	231,901	231,901	215,973	(15,928)
Intergovernmental	3,656,514	3,656,514	4,400,630	744,116
Fines and forfeitures	180,000	180,000	176,789	(3,211)
Service charges	140,288	140,288	170,421	30,133
Investment income	40,000	40,000	87,980	47,980
Other	51,000	96,151	133,601	37,450
Total revenues	18,021,262	18,066,413	19,436,777	1,370,364
<b>Expenditures:</b>				
General government:				
Town council	563,992	573,992	581,205	(7,213)
Town administration and finance	3,251,921	3,402,223	2,887,895	514,328
Legal	215,000	305,000	293,811	11,189
Total general government	4,030,913	4,281,215	3,762,911	518,304
Public safety:				
Police	8,865,572	8,900,572	8,898,576	1,996
Zoning	82,571	62,571	57,132	5,439
Parks and recreation	3,147,547	3,478,921	3,137,644	341,277
Public works	1,255,872	1,354,133	1,206,195	147,938
Total expenditures	17,382,475	18,077,412	17,062,458	1,014,954
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	638,787	(10,999)	2,374,319	2,385,318
<b>Other financing (uses):</b>				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	(793,787)	(1,788,451)	(1,780,422)	8,029
Total other financing sources (uses)	(793,787)	(1,788,451)	(1,780,422)	8,029
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures and other financing (uses)	(155,000)	(1,799,450)	593,897	2,393,347
Fund balance appropriated	155,000	1,799,450	-	(1,799,450)
Net change in fund balance	-	-	593,897	593,897
Fund balance, beginning	-	-	4,898,264	4,898,264
Fund balance, ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,492,161	\$ 5,492,161

See notes to budgetary comparison schedules

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE**  
**BUILDING DEPARTMENT FUND**  
**FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final		Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Permits and fees	\$ 1,343,000	\$ 1,343,000	\$ 1,449,930	\$ 106,930
Investment income	20,000	20,000	8,706	(11,294)
Total revenues	1,363,000	1,363,000	1,458,636	95,636
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Building	3,061,325	3,240,720	1,580,093	1,660,627
Capital outlay	219,411	219,411	-	219,411
Total expenditures	3,280,736	3,460,131	1,580,093	1,880,038
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,917,736)	(2,097,131)	(121,457)	1,975,674
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	(57,796)	(57,796)	(56,372)	1,424
Total other financing sources (uses)	(57,796)	(57,796)	(56,372)	1,424
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures and other financing (uses)	(1,975,532)	(2,154,927)	(177,829)	1,977,098
Fund balance appropriated	1,975,532	2,154,927	-	(2,154,927)
Net change in fund balance	-	-	(177,829)	(177,829)
Fund balance, beginning	-	-	2,184,487	2,184,487
Fund balance, ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,006,658	\$ 2,006,658

See notes to budgetary comparison schedules

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES**  
**FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

**NOTE 1 – BUDGETARY INFORMATION**

Annual budgets are adopted for all governmental funds, except the Infrastructure Replacement Fund, on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The following procedures are used to establish the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. Prior to July 30 of each year, the Town Manager submits to the Town Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and means of financing such expenditures.
- b. Public hearings are held to obtain tax payers comments.
- c. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- d. The level of control at which expenditures may not exceed budget is at the departmental level. The Town Council approves these levels by passing an ordinance. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any appropriation center within a fund must be approved by the Town Council.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION  
 SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS  
 OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)  
 SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
<b>Total OPEB Liability</b>					
Service cost	\$ 8,696	\$ 8,315	\$ 5,657	\$ 5,430	\$ 5,861
Interest	3,353	2,822	2,857	2,663	2,654
Difference between expected and actual experience	2,730	-	5,684	-	-
Changes of assumptions	(62,720)	(7,805)	41,543	7,968	(6,625)
Benefit payments	-	(656)	(572)	(11,129)	(10,257)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(47,941)	2,676	55,169	4,932	(8,367)
<b>Total OPEB liability - beginning</b>	<u>126,566</u>	<u>123,890</u>	<u>68,721</u>	<u>63,789</u>	<u>72,156</u>
<b>Total OPEB liability - ending</b>	<u>\$ 78,625</u>	<u>\$ 126,566</u>	<u>\$ 123,890</u>	<u>\$ 68,721</u>	<u>\$ 63,789</u>
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,814,188	\$ 3,738,294	\$ 3,647,116	\$ 3,471,781	\$ 3,387,103
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	2.06%	3.39%	3.40%	1.98%	1.88%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. There are no plan assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION  
 SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY  
 FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN  
 LAST 9 FISCAL YEARS\*

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
The Town's proportion of the net pension liability	0.006421332%	0.006663560%	0.005826864%	0.006983261%	0.007624456%	0.006862616%	0.006556569%	0.006230023%	0.006870141%
The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 2,389,252	\$ 503,356	\$ 2,525,449	\$ 2,404,938	\$ 2,296,526	\$ 2,029,916	\$ 1,655,539	\$ 804,691	\$ 419,180
The Town's covered payroll	\$ 4,007,460	\$ 4,015,433	\$ 3,998,274	\$ 4,021,387	\$ 3,908,760	\$ 3,455,365	\$ 3,085,052	\$ 2,922,198	\$ 2,817,529
The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	59.62%	12.54%	63.16%	59.80%	58.75%	58.75%	53.66%	27.54%	14.88%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	82.89%	96.40%	78.85%	82.61%	84.26%	83.89%	84.88%	92.00%	96.09%

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30 (measurement date of the collective net pension liability). The schedule is intended to show information for the last ten (10) fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION  
 SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S CONTRIBUTIONS  
 FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN  
 LAST 9 FISCAL YEARS\*

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 242,115	\$ 282,365	\$ 281,360	\$ 272,172	\$ 265,449	\$ 222,786	\$ 191,426	\$ 187,579	\$ 188,515
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ (242,115)	\$ (282,365)	\$ (281,360)	\$ (272,172)	\$ (265,449)	\$ (222,786)	\$ (191,426)	\$ (187,579)	\$ (188,515)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
The Town's covered payroll	\$ 4,018,521	\$ 3,993,384	\$ 4,161,693	\$ 4,036,102	\$ 3,947,898	\$ 3,489,915	\$ 3,115,864	\$ 2,951,715	\$ 2,845,986
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	6.02%	7.07%	6.76%	6.74%	6.72%	6.38%	6.14%	6.35%	6.62%

\* The schedule is intended to show information for the last ten (10) fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**  
**SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY**  
**HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PENSION PLAN**  
**LAST 9 FISCAL YEARS\***

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
The Town's proportion of the net pension liability	0.010499295%	0.010839583%	0.010928255%	0.011835942%	0.011956689%	0.010492759%	0.010380367%	0.009449186%	0.009533181%
The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,112,043	\$ 1,329,638	\$ 1,334,322	\$ 1,324,323	\$ 1,265,509	\$ 1,121,934	\$ 1,209,789	\$ 963,668	\$ 891,376
The Town's covered payroll	\$ 4,007,460	\$ 4,015,433	\$ 3,998,274	\$ 4,021,387	\$ 3,908,760	\$ 3,455,365	\$ 3,085,052	\$ 2,922,198	\$ 2,817,529
The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	27.75%	33.11%	33.37%	32.93%	32.38%	32.47%	39.21%	32.98%	31.64%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	4.81%	3.56%	3.00%	2.63%	2.15%	1.64%	0.97%	0.50%	0.99%

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 6/30 (measurement date of the collective net pension liability). The schedule is intended to show information for the last ten (10) fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.



**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION  
 SCHEDULE OF THE TOWN'S CONTRIBUTIONS  
 HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PENSION PLAN  
 LAST 9 FISCAL YEARS\*

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 80,249	\$ 67,159	\$ 66,797	\$ 63,843	\$ 63,851	\$ 56,045	\$ 51,723	\$ 37,192	\$ 34,152
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>\$ (80,249)</u>	<u>\$ (67,159)</u>	<u>\$ (66,797)</u>	<u>\$ (63,843)</u>	<u>\$ (63,851)</u>	<u>\$ (56,045)</u>	<u>\$ (51,723)</u>	<u>\$ (37,192)</u>	<u>\$ (34,152)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
The Town's covered payroll	\$ 4,018,521	\$ 3,993,384	\$ 4,161,603	\$ 4,036,102	\$ 3,947,898	\$ 3,489,915	\$ 3,115,864	\$ 2,951,715	\$ 2,845,986
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	2.00%	1.68%	1.61%	1.58%	1.62%	1.61%	1.66%	1.26%	1.20%

\* The schedule is intended to show information for the last ten (10) fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.



## **COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**



## NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

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### Special Revenue Fund

**Special Revenue Fund** – This fund is used to account for and report the receipts of local option fuel tax and county-shared fuel tax that are legally restricted for expenditures related to development, construction equipping, maintenance, operations or expansion of public transportation system, roads and bridges.

**Neighborhood Service Districts Fund** – This fund is used to account for the cost to provide public improvements and special services through a non-ad valorem assessment. Non-ad valorem assessments represent a cost share assigned to a group of properties to pay all or part of the cost associated with a specific public service or improvement, such as security guard services, lighting, lake, and landscape maintenance, primarily benefitting those properties.

**Impact Fees Fund** – This fund accounts for both parks and public safety impact fees used to fund the cost of additional capital resources required to maintain and accommodate projected population growth due to new development.

### Debt Service Fund

**Debt Service Fund** – This fund accounts for the payment of the current year's principal and interest requirements on the Special Obligation Bond issued for the Government Center; it is funded by the Electric Utility Tax revenues.

### Capital Projects Fund

**Infrastructure Replacement Fund** – This fund is used for purposes of accumulating resources to fund long-term capital expenditures.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**COMBINING BALANCE SHEET**  
**NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

	Nonmajor Governmental Funds					Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
	Special Revenue			Debt Service	Capital Projects	
	Special Revenue	Neighborhood Service Districts	Impact Fees	Debt Service	Infrastructure Replacement	
<b>ASSETS</b>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,016,816	\$ 534,281	\$ 1,153,110	\$ 2,000	\$ 356,740	\$ 3,062,947
Accounts receivables, net	392,328	9,956	5,431	341,742	-	749,457
Prepays	12,934	-	-	-	-	12,934
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	430,790	-	430,790
Investments	-	-	-	549,089	-	549,089
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,422,078</u>	<u>\$ 544,237</u>	<u>\$ 1,158,541</u>	<u>\$ 1,323,621</u>	<u>\$ 356,740</u>	<u>\$ 4,805,217</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>						
Accounts payable	\$ 132,931	\$ 256,654	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 389,585
Due to other funds	-	-	-	282,348	-	282,348
Total liabilities	<u>132,931</u>	<u>256,654</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>282,348</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>671,933</u>
<b>FUND BALANCES</b>						
Nonspendable:						
Prepays	12,934	-	-	-	-	12,934
Restricted for:						
Debt service	-	-	-	1,041,273	-	1,041,273
Transit - CITT 20	183,917	-	-	-	-	183,917
Transportation - CITT 80	383,579	-	-	-	-	383,579
Transportation - Gas Tax	143,100	-	-	-	-	143,100
Mobility	61,834	-	-	-	-	61,834
Micromobility	26,600	-	-	-	-	26,600
Tree removal	36,458	-	-	-	-	36,458
Impact fees:						
Public safety	-	-	53,987	-	-	53,987
Parks improvement	-	-	15,148	-	-	15,148
Parks open space	-	-	1,089,406	-	-	1,089,406
Neighborhood Service Districts:						
Miami Lakes Section 1	-	3,448	-	-	-	3,448
Loch Lomond	-	73,489	-	-	-	73,489
Royal Oaks Section 1	-	106,060	-	-	-	106,060
Royal Oaks East	-	71,542	-	-	-	71,542
Lake Patricia	-	13,658	-	-	-	13,658
Lake Hilda	-	19,386	-	-	-	19,386
Greenway 77th Court	240,840	-	-	-	-	240,840
Large Park LOS	199,885	-	-	-	-	199,885
Committed for:						
Infrastructure projects	-	-	-	-	356,740	356,740
Total fund balances	<u>1,289,147</u>	<u>287,583</u>	<u>1,158,541</u>	<u>1,041,273</u>	<u>356,740</u>	<u>4,133,284</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 1,422,078</u>	<u>\$ 544,237</u>	<u>\$ 1,158,541</u>	<u>\$ 1,323,621</u>	<u>\$ 356,740</u>	<u>\$ 4,805,217</u>

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN  
FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Nonmajor Governmental Funds					Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
	Special Revenue			Debt Service	Capital Projects	
	Special Revenue	Neighborhood Service Districts	Impact Fees	Debt Service	Infrastructure Replacement	
Revenues:						
Utility taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 616,953	\$ -	\$ 616,953
Other taxes	400,358	-	-	-	-	400,358
Licenses and permits	61,525	-	-	-	-	61,525
Intergovernmental	2,005,140	3,748	-	-	-	2,008,888
Impact fees:						
Public safety	-	-	4,681	-	-	4,681
Parks	-	-	19,783	-	-	19,783
Investment income	2,304	2,483	2,331	1,383	545	9,046
Special assessments	-	1,400,911	-	-	-	1,400,911
Other	5,750	4,954	-	165,586	-	176,290
Total revenues	<u>2,475,077</u>	<u>1,412,096</u>	<u>26,795</u>	<u>783,922</u>	<u>545</u>	<u>4,698,435</u>
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Transportation	1,645,853	-	-	-	-	1,645,853
Administrative	-	1,415,417	-	3,050	4,957	1,423,424
Debt service:						
Principal	-	-	-	210,000	-	210,000
Interest	-	-	-	500,207	-	500,207
Capital outlay	-	48,655	45,705	-	33,475	127,835
Total expenditures	<u>1,645,853</u>	<u>1,464,072</u>	<u>45,705</u>	<u>713,257</u>	<u>38,432</u>	<u>3,907,319</u>
Excess of revenues over expenditures	<u>829,224</u>	<u>(51,976)</u>	<u>(18,910)</u>	<u>70,665</u>	<u>(37,887)</u>	<u>791,116</u>
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	346,000	-	-	1,500	150,000	497,500
Transfers out	<u>(1,028,470)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,028,470)</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(682,470)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,500</u>	<u>150,000</u>	<u>(530,970)</u>
Net change in fund balances	146,754	(51,976)	(18,910)	72,165	112,113	260,146
Fund balances, beginning	<u>1,142,393</u>	<u>339,559</u>	<u>1,177,451</u>	<u>969,108</u>	<u>244,627</u>	<u>3,873,138</u>
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ 1,289,147</u>	<u>\$ 287,583</u>	<u>\$ 1,158,541</u>	<u>\$ 1,041,273</u>	<u>\$ 356,740</u>	<u>\$ 4,133,284</u>



**SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,  
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE –  
BUDGET TO ACTUAL**

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -**  
**BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND**  
**FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>			<u>Variance with Final Budget</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Positive (Negative)</u>
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Gas tax 6 cents	\$ 365,270	\$ 365,270	\$ 400,358	\$ 35,088
CITT transit sales tax 20%	325,738	325,738	454,773	129,035
CITT transportation sales tax 80%	977,214	977,214	1,364,319	387,105
Tree program, Greenway and Large Parks LOS	13,000	13,000	19,555	6,555
Mobility	41,205	41,205	41,970	765
Investment income	5,000	5,000	2,304	(2,696)
Intergovernmental	171,130	171,130	186,048	14,918
Other	17,500	17,500	5,750	(11,750)
Total revenues	<u>1,916,057</u>	<u>1,916,057</u>	<u>2,475,077</u>	<u>559,020</u>
<b>Expenditures:</b>				
<b>Current:</b>				
Tree program	13,906	44,351	11,560	32,791
Transportation	843,772	1,255,662	1,138,434	117,228
Transit	515,963	547,573	495,859	51,714
Contingency	484,877	528,394	-	528,394
Total expenditures	<u>1,858,518</u>	<u>2,375,980</u>	<u>1,645,853</u>	<u>730,127</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>57,539</u>	<u>(459,923)</u>	<u>829,224</u>	<u>1,289,147</u>
<b>Other financing sources (uses)</b>				
Transfers in	76,000	346,000	346,000	-
Transfers out	(928,470)	(1,028,470)	(1,028,470)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(852,470)</u>	<u>(682,470)</u>	<u>(682,470)</u>	<u>-</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures and other financing (uses)	<u>(794,931)</u>	<u>(1,142,393)</u>	<u>146,754</u>	<u>1,289,147</u>
Fund balance appropriated	<u>794,931</u>	<u>1,142,393</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,142,393)</u>
Net change in fund balance	-	-	146,754	146,754
Fund balance, beginning	-	-	1,142,393	1,142,393
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,289,147</u>	<u>\$ 1,289,147</u>

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -**  
**BUDGET AND ACTUAL - NEIGHBORHOOD SERVICE DISTRICTS FUND**  
**FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with</u> <u>Final Budget</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		<u>Positive</u> <u>(Negative)</u>
Revenues:				
Special assessment	\$ 1,397,560	\$ 1,397,560	\$ 1,404,659	\$ 7,099
Investment income	-	-	2,483	2,483
Other	7,000	7,000	4,954	(2,046)
Total revenues	<u>1,404,560</u>	<u>1,404,560</u>	<u>1,412,096</u>	<u>7,536</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Administrative	1,561,211	1,554,115	1,415,417	138,698
Capital outlay:				
Transit	102,877	190,004	48,655	141,349
Total expenditures	<u>1,664,088</u>	<u>1,744,119</u>	<u>1,464,072</u>	<u>280,047</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>(259,528)</u>	<u>(339,559)</u>	<u>(51,976)</u>	<u>287,583</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures and other financing (uses)	(259,528)	(339,559)	(51,976)	287,583
Fund balance appropriated	<u>259,528</u>	<u>339,559</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(339,559)</u>
Net change in fund balance	-	-	(51,976)	(51,976)
Fund balance, beginning	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>339,559</u>	<u>339,559</u>
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 287,583</u>	<u>\$ 287,583</u>



**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -**  
**BUDGET AND ACTUAL - IMPACT FEES FUND**  
**FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with</u> <u>Final Budget</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		<u>Positive</u> <u>(Negative)</u>
Revenues:				
Impact Fees				
Public safety	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,681	\$ 4,681
Parks	-	-	19,783	19,783
Developer contributions	1,897,638	1,897,638	-	(1,897,638)
Investment income	-	-	2,331	2,331
Total revenues	<u>1,897,638</u>	<u>1,897,638</u>	<u>26,795</u>	<u>(1,870,843)</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Parks	1,072,516	1,082,657	-	1,082,657
Capital outlay - public safety	97,196	94,794	45,705	49,089
Total expenditures	<u>1,169,712</u>	<u>1,177,451</u>	<u>45,705</u>	<u>1,131,746</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	727,926	720,187	(18,910)	(739,097)
Other financing (uses):				
Transfers out	<u>(1,897,638)</u>	<u>(1,897,638)</u>	-	<u>1,897,638</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures and other financing (uses)	(1,169,712)	(1,177,451)	(18,910)	1,158,541
Fund balance appropriated	<u>1,169,712</u>	<u>1,177,451</u>	-	<u>(1,177,451)</u>
Net change in fund balance	-	-	(18,910)	(18,910)
Fund balance, beginning	-	-	1,177,451	1,177,451
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,158,541</u>	<u>\$ 1,158,541</u>

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -**  
**BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND**  
**FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final		Final Budget
				Positive (Negative)
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Electric utility taxes	\$ 527,665	\$ 527,665	\$ 616,953	\$ 89,288
Investment income	-	-	1,383	1,383
Other	167,536	167,536	165,586	(1,950)
Total revenues	<u>695,201</u>	<u>695,201</u>	<u>783,922</u>	<u>88,721</u>
<b>Expenditures:</b>				
<b>Current:</b>				
Administration	283,984	954,102	3,050	951,052
<b>Debt service:</b>				
Principal	210,000	210,000	210,000	-
Interest	500,207	500,207	500,207	-
Total expenditures	<u>994,191</u>	<u>1,664,309</u>	<u>713,257</u>	<u>951,052</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(298,990)	(969,108)	70,665	1,039,773
<b>Other financing sources (uses):</b>				
Transfers in	-	-	1,500	1,500
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,500</u>	<u>1,500</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures and other financing sources (uses)	(298,990)	(969,108)	72,165	1,041,273
Fund balance appropriated	<u>298,990</u>	<u>969,108</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(969,108)</u>
Net change in fund balance	-	-	72,165	72,165
Fund balance, beginning	-	-	969,108	969,108
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,041,273</u>	<u>\$ 1,041,273</u>

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -**  
**BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND**  
**FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final		Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Gas tax 3 cents	\$ 139,356	\$ 139,356	\$ 150,160	\$ 10,804
Intergovernmental	6,315,273	5,965,877	1,447,465	(4,518,412)
Investment income	-	-	6,604	6,604
Total revenues	6,454,629	6,105,233	1,604,229	(4,501,004)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Transportation / public works	218,937	212,836	733	212,103
Parks and recreation	3,727	4,656	9,207	(4,551)
Capital outlay:				
Drainage improvements	804,868	1,105,192	423,976	681,216
Transportation improvements	8,173,695	9,014,783	622,886	8,391,897
Parks and recreation	1,834,826	2,342,736	93,159	2,249,577
Facilities and equipment	54,968	46,147	41,766	4,381
Total expenditures	11,091,021	12,726,350	1,191,727	11,534,623
(Deficiency) of revenues (under) expenditures	(4,636,392)	(6,621,117)	412,502	7,033,619
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	3,007,108	4,120,436	2,222,798	(1,897,638)
Transfers out	-	(288,664)	(288,664)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,007,108	3,831,772	1,934,134	(1,897,638)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures and other financing sources (uses)	(1,629,284)	(2,789,345)	2,346,636	5,135,981
Fund balance appropriated	1,629,284	2,789,345	-	(2,789,345)
Net change in fund balance	-	-	2,346,636	2,346,636
Fund balance, beginning	-	-	2,789,345	2,789,345
Fund balance, ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,135,981	\$ 5,135,981

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE - DISAGGREGATED INFORMATION**  
**ENTERPRISE FUND - STORMWATER**  
**FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

	<u>Operations</u>	<u>Bond Series 2021</u>	<u>American Rescue Plan</u>	<u>Total</u>
<b><u>SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION</u></b>				
<b><u>ASSETS</u></b>				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,104,219	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,104,219
Restricted cash	-	7,153,754	10,434,864	17,588,618
Restricted investments	-	10,019,910	5,008,830	15,028,740
Accounts receivable, net	591,906	-	-	591,906
Advance to Bond Series 2021	18,288,366	-	-	18,288,366
Construction in progress	92,942	1,710,764	522,845	2,326,551
Furniture and equipment, net	14,567	-	-	14,567
Infrastructure, net	13,821,915	-	-	13,821,915
Total assets	<u>33,913,915</u>	<u>18,884,428</u>	<u>15,966,539</u>	<u>68,764,882</u>
<b><u>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u></b>				
Pension	<u>34,417</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>34,417</u>
<b><u>LIABILITIES</u></b>				
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	328,288	527,608	220,466	1,076,362
Advance from operations	-	18,288,366	-	18,288,366
Unearned revenues	-	-	15,187,431	15,187,431
Compensated absences	7,794	-	-	7,794
Net pension liability	153,807	-	-	153,807
QNIP Stormwater	79,909	-	-	79,909
FEMA SW Projects	58,072	-	-	58,072
Bond Series 2021 Payable	15,330,000	-	-	15,330,000
Bond Series 2021 Premium	3,118,115	-	-	3,118,115
Total liabilities	<u>19,075,985</u>	<u>18,815,974</u>	<u>15,407,897</u>	<u>53,299,856</u>
<b><u>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u></b>				
Pension	38,567	-	-	38,567
Deferred Gain on Refunding	<u>49,153</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>49,153</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>87,720</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>87,720</u>
<b><u>TOTAL NET POSITION</u></b>	<u>\$ 14,784,627</u>	<u>\$ 68,454</u>	<u>\$ 558,642</u>	<u>\$ 15,411,723</u>

**SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION**

Operating revenues	\$ 2,472,609	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,472,609
Operating expenses	(1,539,096)	-	-	(1,539,096)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	<u>(600,416)</u>	<u>64,594</u>	<u>557,717</u>	<u>21,895</u>
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	<u>333,097</u>	<u>64,594</u>	<u>557,717</u>	<u>955,408</u>
Contributions and transfers	<u>423,976</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>423,976</u>
Change in net position	<u>\$ 757,073</u>	<u>\$ 64,594</u>	<u>\$ 557,717</u>	<u>\$ 1,379,384</u>



**STATISTICAL SECTION**

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Town of Miami Lake's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
<b>Financial Trends</b> <i>These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.</i>	74-78
<b>Revenue Capacity</b> <i>These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.</i>	79-83
<b>Debt Capacity</b> <i>These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.</i>	84-85
<b>Demographic and Economic Information</b>  <i>These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.</i>	86-87
<b>Operating Information and Insurance in Force</b> <i>These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.</i>	88-91

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**FINANCIAL TRENDS**  
**NET POSITION BY COMPONENT**  
**LAST TEN YEARS**

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
Governmental activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 21,814,437	\$ 22,471,538	\$ 23,189,174	\$ 24,384,954	\$ 25,025,518	\$ 25,989,505	\$ 26,298,602	\$ 28,533,023	\$ 28,428,460	\$ 28,066,416
Restricted	5,021,979	4,750,852	5,374,581	4,316,340	6,815,901	6,923,570	8,677,308	7,351,535	8,572,783	10,877,411
Unrestricted	6,797,024	7,228,689	3,794,639	3,497,638	2,929,081	2,527,265	2,229,467	992,221	1,804,029	2,572,594
Total governmental activities net position	<b>\$ 33,633,440</b>	<b>\$ 34,451,079</b>	<b>\$ 32,358,394</b>	<b>\$ 32,198,932</b>	<b>\$ 34,770,500</b>	<b>\$ 35,440,340</b>	<b>\$ 37,205,377</b>	<b>\$ 36,876,779</b>	<b>\$ 38,805,272</b>	<b>\$ 41,516,421</b>
Business-type activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 6,486,581	\$ 7,092,272	\$ 7,641,072	\$ 8,865,688	\$ 9,743,318	\$ 10,777,658	\$ 11,642,537	\$ 12,461,397	\$ 13,178,871	\$ 13,882,070
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,785	-
Unrestricted	380,542	648,868	221,981	571,384	420,691	206,814	14,328	120,154	848,683	1,529,653
Total business-type activities net position	<b>\$ 6,867,123</b>	<b>\$ 7,741,140</b>	<b>\$ 7,863,053</b>	<b>\$ 9,437,072</b>	<b>\$ 10,164,009</b>	<b>\$ 10,984,472</b>	<b>\$ 11,656,865</b>	<b>\$ 12,581,551</b>	<b>\$ 14,032,339</b>	<b>\$ 15,411,723</b>
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 28,301,018	\$ 29,563,810	\$ 30,830,246	\$ 33,250,642	\$ 34,768,836	\$ 36,767,163	\$ 37,941,139	\$ 40,994,420	\$ 41,607,331	\$ 41,948,486
Restricted	5,021,979	4,750,852	5,374,581	4,316,340	6,815,901	6,923,570	8,677,308	7,351,535	8,577,568	10,877,411
Unrestricted	7,177,566	7,877,557	4,016,620	4,069,022	3,349,772	2,734,079	2,243,795	1,112,375	2,652,712	4,102,247
Total primary government net position	<b>\$ 40,500,563</b>	<b>\$ 42,192,219</b>	<b>\$ 40,221,447</b>	<b>\$ 41,636,004</b>	<b>\$ 44,934,509</b>	<b>\$ 46,424,812</b>	<b>\$ 48,862,242</b>	<b>\$ 49,458,330</b>	<b>\$ 52,837,611</b>	<b>\$ 56,928,144</b>

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**FINANCIAL TRENDS**  
**CHANGES IN NET POSITION**  
**LAST TEN YEARS**

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
<b>Expenses</b>										
<b>Governmental activities:</b>										
General government	\$ 3,505,665	\$ 3,359,809	\$ 4,504,066	\$ 5,466,296	\$ 5,918,945	\$ 5,439,496	\$ 5,855,914	\$ 6,024,434	\$ 5,959,090	\$ 5,833,240
Public safety	6,287,319	6,365,715	7,972,810	8,014,737	9,640,653	10,202,073	10,786,886	10,622,577	10,515,505	10,600,530
Parks and recreation	2,703,496	3,051,793	3,306,152	3,481,695	4,772,220	6,405,543	3,508,046	3,554,095	3,467,742	3,721,479
Transportation/Public Works	2,831,483	2,527,545	2,691,114	2,631,509	2,624,862	2,883,959	2,890,902	2,795,296	2,968,332	3,411,614
Comprehensive planning	1,622,645	1,679,697	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Physical environment	-	-	4,307	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest expense	528,383	603,123	600,247	654,998	596,942	551,077	550,747	527,518	511,190	496,089
<b>Total governmental activities expenses</b>	<b>17,478,991</b>	<b>17,587,682</b>	<b>19,078,696</b>	<b>20,249,235</b>	<b>23,553,622</b>	<b>25,482,148</b>	<b>23,592,495</b>	<b>23,523,920</b>	<b>23,421,859</b>	<b>24,062,952</b>
<b>Business-type activities:</b>										
Stormwater utilities	877,397	783,596	1,033,870	818,380	937,656	1,369,005	1,272,487	1,093,919	1,743,488	2,167,706
Total business-type activities expenses	877,397	783,596	1,033,870	818,380	937,656	1,369,005	1,272,487	1,093,919	1,743,488	2,167,706
<b>Total primary government expenses</b>	<b>18,356,388</b>	<b>18,371,278</b>	<b>20,112,566</b>	<b>21,067,615</b>	<b>24,491,278</b>	<b>26,851,153</b>	<b>24,864,982</b>	<b>24,617,839</b>	<b>25,165,347</b>	<b>26,230,658</b>
<b>Program Revenues</b>										
<b>Governmental activities:</b>										
Charges for services:										
General government	181,927	251,688	926,044	13,079	14,004	23,550	1,726,515	1,512,343	1,388,183	1,439,901
Public safety	324,720	536,168	318,413	2,046,763	3,869,723	3,327,193	2,738,436	1,962,964	2,334,977	1,846,819
Parks and recreation	11,705	43,139	85,024	131,628	1,146,389	1,129,490	814,497	194,100	76,482	118,000
Transportation/Public Works	-	-	304,848	719,774	49,342	168,554	756,711	74,453	525,628	96,089
Comprehensive planning	1,003,083	1,197,885	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating grants and contributions	178,071	3,392	70,759	2,075,665	2,816,820	2,955,170	129,890	242,459	1,091,809	306,216
Capital grants and contributions	1,978,459	36,655	259,538	442,691	50,348	-	1,180,274	2,395,955	1,743,136	1,633,513
<b>Total governmental activities program revenues</b>	<b>3,677,965</b>	<b>2,068,927</b>	<b>1,964,626</b>	<b>5,429,600</b>	<b>7,946,626</b>	<b>7,603,957</b>	<b>7,346,323</b>	<b>6,382,274</b>	<b>7,160,215</b>	<b>5,440,538</b>
<b>Business-type activities:</b>										
Charges for services:										
Stormwater utility	970,188	850,864	942,089	953,982	1,034,314	1,043,899	1,058,714	1,060,011	1,692,827	2,472,609
Operating grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	1,052,142	1,286,662	-	-	-	522,845
Total business-type activities program revenues	970,188	850,864	942,089	953,982	2,086,456	2,330,561	1,058,714	1,060,011	1,692,827	2,995,454
<b>Total primary government program revenues</b>	<b>\$ 4,648,153</b>	<b>\$ 2,919,791</b>	<b>\$ 2,906,715</b>	<b>\$ 6,383,582</b>	<b>\$ 10,033,082</b>	<b>\$ 9,934,518</b>	<b>\$ 8,405,037</b>	<b>\$ 7,442,285</b>	<b>\$ 8,853,042</b>	<b>\$ 8,435,992</b>



**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**FINANCIAL TRENDS**  
**CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED)**  
**LAST TEN YEARS**

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
<b>Net (Expense) Revenue</b>										
Governmental activities	\$ (13,801,027)	\$ (15,518,755)	\$ (17,114,070)	\$ (14,819,635)	\$ (15,606,996)	\$ (17,878,191)	\$ (16,246,172)	\$ (17,141,646)	\$ (16,261,644)	\$ (18,622,414)
Business-type activities	92,791	67,268	(91,781)	135,602	1,148,800	961,556	(213,773)	(33,908)	(50,661)	827,748
<b>Total primary government net expense</b>	<b>(13,708,236)</b>	<b>(15,451,487)</b>	<b>(17,205,851)</b>	<b>(14,684,033)</b>	<b>(14,458,196)</b>	<b>(16,916,635)</b>	<b>(16,459,945)</b>	<b>(17,175,554)</b>	<b>(16,312,305)</b>	<b>(17,794,666)</b>
<b>General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position</b>										
<b>Governmental activities:</b>										
Taxes:										
Property taxes	5,432,333	5,525,235	5,784,851	5,967,817	6,267,177	6,753,219	7,148,392	7,417,552	7,940,228	8,384,571
Utility service taxes	3,016,183	3,254,550	3,230,117	3,297,894	3,407,508	3,432,608	3,572,032	3,655,546	3,731,365	3,987,565
Communication services tax	1,366,853	1,937,765	1,377,736	1,245,617	1,166,035	1,209,860	1,130,732	1,027,768	941,205	947,360
Franchise taxes	1,550,625	1,147,889	1,160,066	1,179,362	925,699	1,272,507	1,130,788	455,233	1,208,542	1,424,664
Other taxes			713,520	702,897	716,927	724,429	680,132	592,537	653,901	674,694
Intergovernmental not restricted to specific programs	4,565,197	4,596,066	4,202,536	4,307,731	4,323,130	4,493,335	4,546,832	4,070,625	4,836,866	5,916,458
Investment and miscellaneous income	103,153	99,441	83,792	77,678	136,894	219,534	246,949	206,898	62,108	112,336
Gain (loss) on disposal	-	-	-	(17,084)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special items/Other income	-	797,614	264,769	272,221	766,227	348,459	435,402	342,946	311,259	309,891
Transfers	(1,629,485)	(804,131)	(251,946)	(1,267,755)	468,967	150,629	(880,050)	(956,057)	(1,495,337)	(423,976)
<b>Total governmental activities</b>	<b>14,404,859</b>	<b>16,554,429</b>	<b>16,565,441</b>	<b>15,766,378</b>	<b>18,178,564</b>	<b>18,604,580</b>	<b>18,011,209</b>	<b>16,813,048</b>	<b>18,190,137</b>	<b>21,333,563</b>
<b>Business-type activities:</b>										
General Revenues										
Investment income	397	2,618	32,138	39,094	47,104	8,276	6,116	2,537	6,112	127,660
Investment and miscellaneous income	1,629,485	-	-	-	-	1,260	-	-	-	-
Transfers	-	804,131	251,946	1,267,755	(468,967)	(150,629)	880,050	956,057	1,495,337	423,976
<b>Total business-type activities</b>	<b>1,629,882</b>	<b>806,749</b>	<b>284,084</b>	<b>1,306,849</b>	<b>(421,863)</b>	<b>(141,093)</b>	<b>886,166</b>	<b>958,594</b>	<b>1,501,449</b>	<b>551,636</b>
<b>Total primary government</b>	<b>16,034,741</b>	<b>17,361,178</b>	<b>16,849,525</b>	<b>17,073,227</b>	<b>17,756,701</b>	<b>18,463,487</b>	<b>18,897,375</b>	<b>17,771,642</b>	<b>19,691,586</b>	<b>21,885,199</b>
<b>Change in Net Position</b>										
Governmental activities	603,832	1,035,674	(548,629)	946,743	2,571,568	726,389	1,765,037	(328,598)	1,928,493	2,711,149
Business-type activities	1,722,673	874,017	192,303	1,442,451	726,937	820,463	672,393	924,686	1,450,788	1,379,384
<b>Total primary government</b>	<b>\$ 2,326,505</b>	<b>\$ 1,909,691</b>	<b>\$ (356,326)</b>	<b>\$ 2,389,194</b>	<b>\$ 3,298,505</b>	<b>\$ 1,546,852</b>	<b>\$ 2,437,430</b>	<b>\$ 596,088</b>	<b>\$ 3,379,281</b>	<b>\$ 4,090,533</b>

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**FINANCIAL TRENDS**  
**FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**  
**LAST TEN YEARS**

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
<b>General Fund</b>										
Non Spendable	\$ 95,039	\$ 118,803	\$ 153,892	\$ 222,531	\$ 220,012	\$ 225,260	\$ 265,331	\$ 306,943	\$ 99,263	\$ 146,807
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	4,088,844	4,776,905	4,412,605	4,553,946	4,349,056	5,048,869	4,222,958	4,011,667	4,799,001	5,345,354
<b>Total General Fund</b>	<b>\$ 4,183,883</b>	<b>\$ 4,895,708</b>	<b>\$ 4,566,497</b>	<b>\$ 4,776,477</b>	<b>\$ 4,569,068</b>	<b>\$ 5,274,129</b>	<b>\$ 4,488,289</b>	<b>\$ 4,318,610</b>	<b>\$ 4,898,264</b>	<b>\$ 5,492,161</b>
<b>All Other Governmental Funds</b>										
Non Spendable	\$ 33,452	\$ 25,862	\$ 24,781	\$ -	\$ 430	\$ -	\$ 25,648	\$ 17,889	\$ 29,560	\$ 41,772
<b>Restricted, reported in:</b>										
Special Revenue Fund	3,630,535	727,446	914,553	1,571,737	1,481,522	945,176	1,229,669	811,704	1,142,393	1,276,213
Capital Projects Fund	-	2,942,843	3,553,535	1,831,041	2,267,781	1,374,174	2,377,133	1,842,430	2,763,198	5,135,981
Town Government Center	1,296,471	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,147	-
Roadway Improvement	8,700	8,700	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Service Fund	909,899	1,071,863	906,493	875,282	888,486	900,912	1,263,108	963,686	969,108	1,041,273
Impact Fee Fund (Public Safety & Parks)	-	-	-	38,280	351,233	1,174,598	1,537,120	1,353,178	1,177,451	1,158,541
Building Department Fund	-	-	-	-	1,826,879	2,528,710	2,668,320	2,115,349	2,154,927	1,977,820
Neighborhood Service Districts	-	-	-	-	-	-	311,100	317,818	339,559	287,583
<b>Committed, reported in:</b>										
Infrastructure Fund	-	-	-	-	-	-	150,000	151,471	244,627	356,740
<b>Assigned, reported in:</b>										
Special Revenue Fund	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Projects Fund	3,974,673	3,566,111	1,961,499	786,094	836,648	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	(2,273)	(1,843)	-	-	-	-
<b>Total all other governmental funds</b>	<b>\$ 9,853,730</b>	<b>\$ 8,342,825</b>	<b>\$ 7,360,861</b>	<b>\$ 5,102,434</b>	<b>\$ 7,650,706</b>	<b>\$ 6,921,727</b>	<b>\$ 9,562,098</b>	<b>\$ 7,573,525</b>	<b>\$ 8,846,970</b>	<b>\$ 11,275,923</b>

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**FINANCIAL TRENDS**  
**CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**  
**LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS**

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
<b>Revenues</b>										
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 5,432,333	\$ 5,525,235	\$ 5,784,851	\$ 5,967,817	\$ 6,267,177	\$ 6,753,219	\$ 7,148,392	\$ 7,417,552	\$ 7,940,228	\$ 8,384,571
Utility taxes	3,016,184	3,254,550	3,230,117	3,297,894	3,407,508	3,432,608	3,572,032	3,655,546	3,731,365	3,987,565
Franchise fees	1,550,625	1,147,889	1,160,066	1,179,362	925,699	1,272,507	1,130,788	455,233	1,208,542	1,424,664
Communication service tax	1,366,853	1,937,765	1,377,736	1,245,617	1,166,035	1,209,860	1,130,732	1,027,768	941,205	947,360
Other taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	680,132	592,537	653,901	674,694
Licenses and permits	1,003,083	1,197,885	1,188,917	2,385,033	3,469,773	3,042,388	3,154,814	1,762,579	2,684,054	1,727,413
Intergovernmental	6,905,351	4,813,430	4,532,833	4,797,353	6,890,298	7,448,505	5,496,742	6,435,404	7,672,622	7,856,998
Fines and forfeitures	324,720	536,168	312,466	274,594	224,887	193,841	195,518	195,265	103,064	176,789
Service charges	-	-	-	-	183,369	192,653	189,557	86,681	120,194	170,421
Impact fees	-	-	-	70,092	1,201,429	1,219,905	775,241	475,073	39,250	24,464
Investment income	103,150	99,441	83,792	77,678	136,894	219,534	246,949	206,898	62,108	112,336
Developers contributions	-	-	-	2,028,734	300,000	-	360,254	-	-	-
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,721,029	1,497,897	1,377,897	1,400,911
Others	10,008	915,125	1,111,235	1,156,643	1,483,154	1,072,888	435,402	342,946	299,636	309,891
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<b>19,712,307</b>	<b>19,427,488</b>	<b>18,782,013</b>	<b>22,480,817</b>	<b>25,656,223</b>	<b>26,057,908</b>	<b>26,237,582</b>	<b>24,151,379</b>	<b>26,834,066</b>	<b>27,198,077</b>
<b>Expenditures</b>										
General government:										
Town Council	427,733	354,820	628,992	516,371	536,680	507,664	539,328	514,578	598,533	581,205
Town Administration and Finance	2,367,698	2,212,155	2,645,746	3,775,637	4,272,614	2,419,721	2,401,870	2,759,199	3,080,343	2,719,882
Legal	292,506	268,987	639,785	410,545	559,652	321,686	257,448	351,476	364,104	293,811
<b>Total general government</b>	<b>3,087,937</b>	<b>2,835,962</b>	<b>3,914,523</b>	<b>4,702,553</b>	<b>5,368,946</b>	<b>3,249,071</b>	<b>3,198,646</b>	<b>3,625,253</b>	<b>4,042,980</b>	<b>3,594,898</b>
Public safety	6,306,601	6,350,819	7,973,823	7,917,265	8,092,524	10,173,706	10,734,392	10,582,554	10,456,178	10,535,801
Parks and recreation	2,183,242	2,495,685	2,721,909	2,826,779	4,140,497	5,764,672	3,005,764	2,878,402	2,835,999	3,107,065
Public works/transportation	2,485,634	2,175,948	2,345,948	2,255,619	2,254,540	2,441,236	2,415,559	2,309,942	2,407,685	2,852,781
Comprehensive planning	1,635,458	1,679,697	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service:										
Principal	-	100,000	105,000	1,750,050	104,980	150,845	46,607	519,302	340,019	376,893
Interest	549,039	599,573	600,247	654,998	596,942	551,077	550,747	536,996	516,179	501,327
Cost of issuance	53,650	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Administrative	-	-	2,406	-	-	-	1,467,844	1,350,213	1,371,779	1,423,424
Capital outlay	7,442,013	3,988,884	3,355,986	4,483,437	2,899,836	3,619,695	2,877,291	4,322,994	2,717,412	1,349,408
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	<b>23,743,574</b>	<b>20,226,568</b>	<b>21,019,842</b>	<b>24,590,701</b>	<b>23,458,265</b>	<b>25,950,302</b>	<b>24,296,850</b>	<b>26,125,656</b>	<b>24,688,231</b>	<b>23,741,597</b>
<b>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>										
Proceeds from debt issuance	1,855,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Discount on debt issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer in	1,277,865	1,768,223	1,974,371	2,684,153	3,424,979	1,660,069	2,997,898	2,241,647	2,512,360	2,720,298
Transfer out	(1,009,768)	(1,768,223)	(1,474,371)	(2,684,153)	(3,282,074)	(1,791,593)	(3,084,099)	(2,425,622)	(2,805,096)	(3,153,928)
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	<b>2,123,097</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>500,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>142,905</b>	<b>(131,524)</b>	<b>(86,201)</b>	<b>(183,975)</b>	<b>(292,736)</b>	<b>(433,630)</b>
<b>Net change in fund balance</b>	<b>\$ (1,908,170)</b>	<b>\$ (799,080)</b>	<b>\$ (1,737,829)</b>	<b>\$ (2,109,884)</b>	<b>\$ 2,340,863</b>	<b>\$ (23,918)</b>	<b>\$ 1,854,531</b>	<b>\$ (2,158,252)</b>	<b>\$ 1,853,099</b>	<b>\$ 3,022,850</b>
<b>Ratio of total debt service to noncapital expenditures</b>	<b>3.37%</b>	<b>4.31%</b>	<b>3.99%</b>	<b>11.96%</b>	<b>3.41%</b>	<b>3.14%</b>	<b>2.79%</b>	<b>4.84%</b>	<b>3.90%</b>	<b>3.92%</b>

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
 REVENUE CAPACITY  
 GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE  
 LAST TEN YEARS  
 (IN THOUSANDS)

<u>Fiscal year</u>	<u>Property Tax</u>	<u>Utility Service Tax</u>	<u>Communication Service Tax</u>	<u>Franchise fees</u>	<u>Total</u>
2013	5,432	3,016	1,367	1,551	11,366
2014	5,525	3,255	1,938	1,148	11,866
2015	5,785	3,230	1,378	1,160	11,553
2016	5,968	3,297	1,246	1,179	11,690
2017	6,267	3,407	1,166	926	11,766
2018	6,753	3,065	1,210	1,273	12,301
2019	7,148	3,572	1,131	1,131	12,982
2020	7,418	3,656	1,028	455	12,557
2021	7,940	3,731	942	1,208	13,821
2022	8,385	3,988	947	1,425	14,745

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
REVENUE CAPACITY  
ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY  
LAST TEN YEARS  
(IN THOUSANDS)

Calendar Year Ended December 31,	Real Property				Billions	Exemptions (a)				
	Residential Property	Commercial/ Industrial Property	Government/ Institutional Property	Personal Property	Total Actual & Just Value of Taxable Property	Real Property - Amendment 10 Excluded Value (b)	Real Property - Other Exemptions	Personal Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
2013	1,907,261	1,042,902	250,187	201,117	3,401,467	282,618	604,260	17,619	2,496,970	2.3518
2014	2,137,641	1,058,802	267,240	185,585	3,649,268	454,180	602,557	18,893	2,573,638	2.3518
2015	2,388,913	1,058,745	271,135	180,874	3,899,667	628,869	611,211	18,311	2,641,276	2.3518
2016	2,577,848	1,110,765	299,061	190,323	4,177,997	749,453	630,582	18,649	2,779,313	2.3518
2017	2,702,800	1,211,433	312,785	185,169	4,412,187	710,706	691,978	19,289	2,990,214	2.3353
2018	2,964,740	1,224,963	312,704	191,529	4,693,936	729,019	760,004	19,436	3,185,477	2.3127
2019	2,997,709	1,252,265	316,975	192,054	4,759,003	656,523	761,054	19,732	3,321,694	2.3127
2020	3,114,740	1,379,603	317,514	209,160	5,021,017	652,482	765,742	19,029	3,583,765	2.3127
2021	3,368,966	1,348,279	316,605	212,604	5,246,454	702,659	775,160	20,426	3,748,209	2.3127
2022	4,493,489	1,287,889	334,329	234,822	6,350,529	N/A	N/A	N/A	4,131,041	2.2664

**NOTES:**

\* 2022 - Based on preliminary values as final values are NOT yet available.

\*\* Property in the Town is reassessed each year. Property is assessed at actual market value. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

\*\*\* Source: Miami-Dade County Property Appraiser

\*\*\*\* N/A - Information not available as of the issuance of this report

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
REVENUE CAPACITY  
PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS  
LAST TEN YEARS  
(PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUE)

Calendar Year Ended December 31,	<i>Town of Miami Lakes</i>		<i>Overlapping Rates:</i>															Total Direct & Overlapping Rates
	Operating Millage	Total Town	<i>Miami-Dade County</i>			<i>Miami-Dade Fire &amp; Rescue</i>			<i>Miami-Dade School Board</i>			<i>State and Other</i>						
			Operating Millage	Debt Service Millage	Total County Millage	Operating Millage	Debt Service Millage	Total Fire Millage	Operating Millage	Debt Service Millage	Total School Millage	Public Library	Children's Trust	South Florida Water Management District	Environmental Projects	Florida Inland Navigation District	Total State and Other Millage	
2013	2.3518	2.3518	4.7035	0.7550	5.4585	2.4500	0.0127	2.4627	7.7650	0.2330	7.9980	0.1725	0.5000	0.3523	0.0587	0.0345	1.1180	19.3890
2014	2.3518	2.3518	4.7035	0.4220	5.1255	2.4496	0.0127	2.4623	7.6440	0.3330	7.9770	0.1725	0.5000	0.3583	0.0587	0.0345	1.1240	19.0406
2015	2.3518	2.3518	4.6669	0.4500	5.1169	2.4207	0.0114	2.4321	7.7780	0.1990	7.9770	0.2840	0.5000	0.1577	0.0548	0.0345	1.0310	18.9088
2016	2.3518	2.3518	4.6669	0.4500	5.1169	2.4207	0.0090	2.4297	7.4130	0.1990	7.6120	0.2840	0.5000	0.1459	0.0506	0.0320	1.0125	18.5229
2017	2.3353	2.3353	4.6669	0.4000	5.0669	2.4207	0.0080	2.4287	7.1380	0.1840	7.3220	0.2840	0.5000	0.1359	0.0471	0.0320	0.9990	18.1519
2018	2.3127	2.3127	4.6669	0.4644	5.1313	2.4207	0.0080	2.4287	6.5040	0.2290	6.7330	0.2840	0.4415	0.2519	0.0417	0.0320	1.0511	17.6568
2019	2.3127	2.3127	4.6669	0.4780	5.1449	2.4207	0.0000	2.4207	7.0250	0.1230	7.1480	0.2840	0.4680	0.2398	0.0397	0.0320	1.0635	18.0898
2020	2.3127	2.3127	4.6669	0.4780	5.1449	2.4207	0.0000	2.4207	6.9360	0.1930	7.1290	0.2840	0.4507	0.2295	0.0380	0.0320	1.0342	18.0415
2021	2.3127	2.3127	4.6669	0.5075	5.1744	2.4207	0.0000	2.4207	6.8290	0.1800	7.0090	0.2840	0.5000	0.2207	0.0365	0.0320	1.0732	17.9900
2022	2.2664	2.2664	4.6202	0.4853	5.1055	2.3965	0.0000	2.3965	6.4240	0.1650	6.5890	0.2812	0.5000	0.1974	0.0327	0.0320	1.0433	17.4007

Source: Miami-Dade County, Finance Department, Tax Collector's Division.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
REVENUE CAPACITY  
PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS  
CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO  
(IN THOUSANDS)  
**2022**

**2013**

<u>Taxpayer</u>	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Taxable Assessed Value
THE GRAHAM COMPANIES	\$ 309,881	1	8.27%	\$ 272,415	1	11.03%
SENGRA DEVELOPMENT CORP	123,113	2	3.28%	99,919	2	4.05%
FLORIDA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY	42,120	3	1.12%	24,206	3	0.98%
CATERPILLAR TRACTOR CO	37,287	4	0.99%	18,755	7	0.76%
MILLERS ALE HOUSE INC	33,414	5	0.89%			
TGC MS PHASE 1 NORTH LLC	26,800	6	0.72%			
ROYAL OAKS PLAZA INC	23,700	7	0.63%	19,800	5	0.80%
TGC 15201 OFFICE LLC	22,535	8	0.60%			
MIAMI LAKES AM LLC	19,105	9	0.51%			
TGC INDUSTRIAL LLC	19,092	10	0.51%			
SCHERING CORPORATION				21,659	4	0.88%
CAP EAST ASSOCIATES				19,330	6	0.78%
CORDIS CORPORATION				18,288	8	0.74%
MIAMI LAKES COUNTRY CLUB				17,724	9	0.72%
COSTCO WHOLESALE CORPORATION				13,526	10	0.55%
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>657,047</u></b>		<b><u>17.53%</u></b>	<b><u>525,622</u></b>		<b><u>21.29%</u></b>
<b>Total Taxable Assessed Value (in thousands)</b>	<b>\$ 3,748,208</b>			<b>\$ 2,469,203</b>		

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**REVENUE CAPACITY**  
**PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS**  
**LAST TEN FISCAL YEARAS**  
**(IN THOUSANDS)**

Fiscal Year ended September 30,	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year	Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy		Collections in Subsequent Years	Total Collections To Date	
		Net Amount Levied	Percentage of Levy		Amount	Percentage of Levy
2013	5,517	4,785	86.73%	473	5,258	95.31%
2014	5,904	5,525	93.58%	n/a	n/a	n/a
2015	6,056	5,785	95.53%	85	5,870	96.93%
2016	6,329	5,872	92.78%	95	5,967	94.28%
2017	6,607	6,164	93.29%	103	6,267	94.85%
2018	7,046	6,601	93.69%	152	6,753	95.84%
2019	7,433	6,980	93.90%	169	7,148	96.17%
2020	7,784	7,244	93.06%	174	7,418	95.30%
2021	8,411	7,777	92.46%	164	7,941	94.41%
2022	8,713	8,243	94.61%	141	8,384	96.23%

Source: Miami-Dade County Property Tax Collector



**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
DEBT CAPACITY  
OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE  
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Government Activities				Business-Type Activities			Total Primary Government	Population	Per Capita Personal Income	Percentage of Personal Income	Debt Per Capita	Debt Coverage	
	Government Activities Notes Payable	Special Obligation Bonds Payable, Series 2010	Improvement Special Obligation Loan Payable	Quality Neighborhood Improvement Program (QNIP) Roadway	Stormwater Utility Revenue Bonds	Stormwater Revenue Bond Series 2021	Other Obligations						Pledged Revenue	Coverage
2013	-	7,292,412	1,855,000	-	-	-	-	9,147,412	30,396	28,410	1.06%	300.94	2,670,036	4.87
2014	-	7,293,792	1,755,000	-	-	-	-	9,048,792	30,161	27,042	1.11%	300.02	2,849,187	5.19
2015	-	7,295,172	1,650,000	-	-	-	-	8,945,172	30,791	28,006	1.04%	290.51	2,805,937	5.12
2016	-	7,296,552	-	1,006,155	449,760	-	-	8,752,467	30,456	28,888	0.99%	287.38	2,833,279	5.17
2017	-	7,297,932	-	901,175	403,886	-	130,662	8,733,655	30,873	31,020	0.91%	282.89	2,924,957	5.33
2018	-	7,299,312	-	750,330	354,446	-	116,144	8,520,232	31,087	33,074	0.83%	274.08	2,965,913	5.41
2019	-	7,300,692	-	703,723	302,486	-	101,626	8,408,527	31,628	35,026	0.76%	265.86	3,076,152	5.61
2020	-	6,922,072	-	564,421	248,006	-	87,108	7,821,607	31,367	38,295	0.65%	249.36	3,109,645	3.40
2021	-	6,723,452	-	424,402	190,766	18,725,636	72,590	26,136,846	31,689	35,618	2.32%	824.79	3,129,793	4.38
2022	-	6,514,832	-	283,661	79,909	18,448,115	58,072	25,384,589	30,741	44,350	1.86%	825.76	3,342,419	4.71

Note: Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**DEBT CAPACITY**  
**DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT**  
**SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

<u>Jurisdiction</u>	<u>Net Debt Outstanding</u>	<u>% of Debt Applied to Miami Lakes (1)</u>	<u>Amount of Debt Applied to Miami Lakes</u>
Miami-Dade County Schools (2)	\$ 891,331,000	0.0109	\$ 9,743,716
Miami-Dade County (3)	2,350,765,000	0.0109	25,697,734
Sub-total overlapping debt	3,242,096,000		35,441,450
Town of Miami Lakes direct debt	25,384,589	100.00%	25,384,589
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$ 3,267,480,589		\$ 60,826,039

Sources:

- (1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the County's taxable property value that is within the Town's boundaries and dividing it by the County's total taxable property value.
- (2) Based on Miami-Dade County percentage of County's taxable property.
- (3) Miami-Dade County, Finance Department (General Obligation Bonds)

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION**  
**DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS**  
**LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS**

<b>Calendar Year</b>	<b>Population</b>	<b>Median Household Income (\$)</b>	<b>Total Personal Income (in 000's)</b>	<b>Unemployment Rate</b>	<b>Per Capita Personal Income</b>	<b>Median Age</b>	<b>School Enrollment</b>
2013	30,396	64,497	863,550	7.00%	28,410	38	7,973
2014	30,161	63,754	815,614	7.40%	27,042	39	7,668
2015	30,791	65,269	862,333	5.70%	28,006	39	7,774
2016	30,456	66,601	879,813	5.10%	28,888	39	8,082
2017	30,873	72,225	957,680	3.90%	31,020	38	8,077
2018	31,087	72,545	1,028,171	3.60%	33,074	39	8,222
2019	31,628	73,527	1,107,802	2.70%	35,026	39	8,465
2020	31,367	75,762	1,201,199	8.60%	38,295	39	8,465
2021	31,689	77,900	1,128,699	3.10%	35,618	41	8,501
2022	30,741	88,810	1,363,363	1.70%	44,350	41	8,440

Sources:

Per Capita and Median Household Income information provided by U.S. Bureau of the Census.  
 Unemployment rate data provided by the U.S. Bureau of the Census or derived from Local Area Unemployment Statistics.  
 Population information provided by the U.S. Bureau of the Census (2000 and 2011) or Florida's Bureau  
 Economic and Business Research (BEBR).

Note:

(1) Information unavailable

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
 DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION  
 PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS  
 CURRENT AND TEN YEARS AGO

Employer	2022			2013		
	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Employment
BANK UNITED	564	1	2.73%	286	6	1.96%
MIAMI LAKES AUTOMALL	330	2	1.60%	(a)		
GRAHAM COMPANIES (ML)	312	3	1.51%	486	2	3.34%
CATERPILLAR LOGISTICS SERVICES, INC.	220	4	1.07%	(a)		
PUBLIX SUPER MARKETS #1129	201	5	0.97%	(a)		
WALGREENS #1219-2	202	6	0.98%	(a)		
ANDY FRAIN SERVICES, INC.	200	7	0.97%	(a)		
COSTCO	196	8	0.95%	(a)		
LOGISTIC CARE SOLUTIONS	177	9	0.86%	(a)		
CORDIS CORP	91	10	0.44%	940	1	6.45%
INKTEL				464	3	3.19%
SOCIAL SERVICE COORDINATORS, INC.				400	4	2.75%
ALL MED SERVICES				300	5	2.06%
SCHERING CORPORATION (Merk Pharmaceuticals)				275	7	1.89%
	2,493		12.07%	3,151		21.64%
Total Employed	15,975			14,563 (2)		

Note (1) U.S. Census Bureau, Selected Economic Characteristics 2008-2011 American Community Survey

Note (2) U.S. Census Bureau - Census 2000 Summary

Note (a) Information unavailable

**Total Employed** based on census population x labor force total percentage.-Used 2022 Miami Lakes Unemployment Resource for Labor Force Figure

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
 OPERATING INFORMATION  
 FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT TOWN EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM  
 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	Fiscal Year									
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Town Clerk's Office	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Town Administration	14	12	14	17	12	15	15	14	14	14
Building Department	19	12	9	10	10	12	13	13	11	11
Planning, Code Compliance and Development	5	4	4	8	3	4	3	3	4	4
Parks/Recreation and Community Affairs	26	13	8	8	11	12	13	12	12	12
Public Works, Stormwater, Facilities & Transit	7	6	4	4	6	6	7	7	7	9
<b>Total</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>51</b>

Source: Town of Miami Lakes, Florida Adopted Budget (various years).

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**OPERATING INFORMATION**  
**OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION / PROGRAM**  
**LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS**

	Fiscal Year									
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
<b><u>General Government</u></b>										
Building permits issued	749	948	799	909	4,622	3,598	4,108	3,269	2,974	2,615
Business Tax Receipts	973	1,394	1,541	1,483	1,422	1,328	1,372	1,156	1,318	1,953
<b><u>Police</u></b>										
Physical arrests	357	273	166	148	177	121	140	63	70	68
<b><u>Culture and Recreation</u></b>										
Summer camp participants - per week	20	100	100	135	135	225	201	30	59	83
Community programs - per year	91	83	47	51	73	66	67	53	55	51
Special events - per year	48	75	65	65	97	202	165	54	54	77
<b><u>Stormwater Utility</u></b>										
Stormwater system linear feet cleaned	34,180	26,617	25,383	28,602	32,312	37,733	37,999	23,642	17,155	18,541
Number of Stormwater drains cleaned		380	328	429	536	706	617	408	291	366
<b><u>Public Works</u></b>										
Road miles (maintained)	60	60	60	77	77	77	77	77	77	77
Street lights (maintained)	1,032	491	485	915	915	915	915	915	915	915

Sources: Various Town departments and Miami-Dade County Police Department

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
 OPERATING INFORMATION  
 CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION / PROGRAM  
 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year									
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
<u>Police (4)</u>										
Police Personnel	49	49	46	49	46	47	51	49	51	51
<u>Culture and Recreation (3)</u>										
Number of parks	101	101	101	101	102	102	102	102	102	102
Park acreage	127.17	127.17	127.17	127.17	127.24	127.24	127.24	127.24	127.24	127.24
Community center	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4
<u>Stormwater Drainage (1)</u>										
Stormwater system - linear feet	88,894	90,824	90,824	98,835	98,914	104,700	110,498	114,810	123,067	125,694
Stormwater drains - catchbasins & manholes	1,324	1,335	1,335	1,376	1,377	1,396	1,505	1,564	1,666	1,706
<u>Public Works (2)</u>										
Road miles	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77
Street lights	2,975	2,362	2,362	2,047	2,047	2,047	2,047	2,047	2,047	2,047

- (1) Town of Miami Lakes, Stormwater Master Plan Update and GIS analysis performed during fiscal year 2011.
- (2) Public Works annual state report on road miles, streetlights from Florida Power & Light. Street lights reflect corrections made after an audit with FP & L.
- (3) Town of Miami Lakes Parks Department
- (4) Miami-Dade Police Department (represents total units 24 hours, 7 days)

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION**  
**INSURANCE IN FORCE**

<b>Type of Coverage</b>	<b>Insurer</b>	<b>Policy Period</b>	<b>Premium</b>
Property (includes Crime)	Public Risk Management of Florida	10/1/2021 - 09/30/2022	\$ 83,195
General Liability (includes Excess Liability)	Public Risk Management of Florida	10/1/2021 - 09/30/2022	112,995
Public Officials & Employment Practices Liability	Public Risk Management of Florida	10/1/2021 - 09/30/2022	76,015
Automobile Insurance	Public Risk Management of Florida	10/1/2021 - 09/30/2022	16,436
Workers Compensation	Public Risk Management of Florida	10/1/2021 - 09/30/2022	21,231
Generator Fuel Storage Tanks	Public Risk Management of Florida	10/1/2021 - 09/30/2022	665
Cyber Liability	Public Risk Management of Florida	10/1/2021 - 09/30/2022	14,985
Broiler & Machinery	Public Risk Management of Florida	10/1/2021 - 09/30/2022	1,208
		<b>Total Policies</b>	<b><u>\$ 326,730</u></b>





**COMPLIANCE SECTION**



**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS’ REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS***

To the Honorable Mayor, Town Council and Town Manager  
Town of Miami Lakes, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Miami Lakes, Florida (the “Town”), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town’s basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 23, 2023.

**Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town’s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town’s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town’s internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity’s financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

**Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

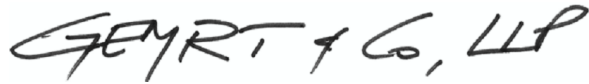
As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town’s financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

GARCIA, ESPINOSA, MIYARES, RODRIGUEZ, TRUEBA & CO., LLP  
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & ADVISORS

2600 Douglas Road, Suite 800 Coral Gables, FL 33134 | P 305 529 5440 | F 305 529 5441 | www.gemrtcpa.com

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "GEMRT & Co, LLP". The letters are cursive and somewhat stylized, with the "G" and "E" being particularly large and connected.

Coral Gables, Florida  
March 23, 2023



**MANAGEMENT LETTER REQUIRED BY SECTION 10.550 OF THE RULES OF THE  
AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA**

To the Honorable Mayor, Town Council and Town Manager  
Town of Miami Lakes, Florida

**Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of the Town of Miami Lakes, Florida (the “Town”), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated March 23, 2023.

**Auditors’ Responsibility**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

**Other Reporting Requirements**

We have issued our Independent Auditors’ Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditors’ Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountants’ Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated March 23, 2023, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

**Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

**Official Title and Legal Authority**

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The Town was established pursuant to the constitution of the State of Florida, Home Rule Charter of Miami-Dade County, Article 5, Section 5.05. There were no component units related to the Town.

## **Financial Condition and Management**

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the Town met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Town did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the Town. The assessment was completed as of the fiscal year end. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Town's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

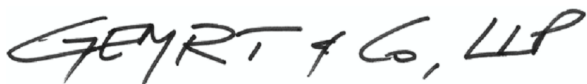
Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any recommendations.

## **Additional Matters**

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

## **Purpose of this Letter**

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal, State and other granting agencies, members of the Town Council, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Handwritten signature in black ink that reads "GEMRT & Co, LLP". The signature is written in a cursive, slightly slanted style.

Coral Gables, Florida  
March 23, 2023



**INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 218.415,  
FLORIDA STATUTES, IN ACCORDANCE WITH CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR  
GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA**

To the Honorable Mayor, Town Council and Town Manager  
Town of Miami Lakes, Florida

We have examined the Town of Miami Lakes, Florida's (the "Town") compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the period of October 1, 2021 to September 30, 2022. Management of the Town is responsible for the Town's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Town's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Town complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Town complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected, depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Town's compliance with specified requirements. In our opinion, the Town complied, in all material respects, with the requirements of Section 218.415 Florida Statutes during the period of October 1, 2021 to September 30, 2022.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Town management, members of the Town Council, others within the Town, and the Auditor General of the State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "GENVRT &amp; Co, LLP". The signature is written in a cursive, stylized font.

Coral Gables, Florida  
March 23, 2023



**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE**

To the Honorable Mayor, Town Council and Town Manager  
Town of Miami Lakes, Florida

**Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**  
***Opinion on Each Major Federal Program***

We have audited the Town of Miami Lakes, Florida's (the "Town") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Town's major Federal programs for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. The Town's major Federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Town complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2022.

***Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program***

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Town and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

***Responsibilities of Management for Compliance***

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Town's federal programs.

### ***Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Town's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Town's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Town's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Town's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

*A deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.



Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

*GEMRT & Co, LLP*

Coral Gables, Florida  
March 23, 2023

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS**  
**FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

Federal Agency Pass-Through Entity Federal Program	CFDA Number	Contract/ Grant Number	Expenditures
<b>FEDERAL AGENCY NAME</b>			
<b>U.S. Department of Homeland Security Federal Emergency Management Assistance</b>			
Flood Mitigation Assistance Program	97.029	B0004	\$ 471,135
<b>U.S. Department of Justice</b>			
<i>Pass through Florida Department of Law Enforcement</i>			
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	Unknown	8,213
<b>U.S. Department of Treasury</b>			
<i>Pass through Florida Department of Emergency Management</i>			
<i>Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act -</i>			
<i>Coronavirus Relief Fund for COVID-19</i>	21.019	Unknown	292,412
<i>Pass through Miami-Dade County</i>			
<i>Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act -</i>			
<i>Coronavirus Relief Fund for COVID-19</i>	21.019	Unknown	5,126
<i>Total Coronavirus Relief Fund for COVID-19</i>			<u>297,538</u>
<i>Pass through Florida Department of Emergency Management</i>			
<i>American Rescue Plan Act -</i>			
<i>Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds Program</i>	21.027	Unknown	522,845
<b>Total U.S. Department of Treasury</b>			<u>820,383</u>
<b>U.S. Department of Transportation</b>			
<i>Pass through Florida Department of Transportation</i>			
<i>Federal-Aid Highway Program</i>	20.205	444295-1	36,740
<b>Total Expenditures for Federal Awards</b>			<u>\$ 1,336,471</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS  
FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

**NOTE 1 – GENERAL**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the “schedule”) includes the federal grant activity of the Town of Miami Lakes for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. For purposes of this schedule, federal awards include federal assistance received directly from a federal agency, as well as federal funds received indirectly by the Town from state and non-state organizations.

**NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations*, Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements of the Town.

The expenditures in the accompanying schedule are presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are recognized when the Town becomes obligated for a payment as a result of the receipt of the related goods or services.

**NOTE 3 – CONTINGENCY**

The grant revenues received by the Town are subject to review by grantor agencies. Such audits may result in requests for reimbursement due to disallowed expenditures. If any expenditures are disallowed by grantor agencies as a result of such an audit, any claim for reimbursement to the grantor agencies would become a liability of the Town. In the opinion of management, all grant expenditures are in compliance with the terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal laws and regulations.

**NOTE 4 – INDIRECT COST RATE**

The Town has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

**TOWN OF MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA**  
**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS**  
**FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022**

**SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITORS’ RESULTS**

**Financial Statements**

Type of auditors’ report issued whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weaknesses identified?	No
Significant deficiencies identified?	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No

**Federal Awards**

Internal control over major Federal program:	
Material weaknesses identified?	No
Significant deficiencies identified?	None reported
Type of auditors’ report issued on compliance for major Federal program:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with CFR 200.516(a)?	No

Identification of major Federal program:

<u>Federal Program</u>	<u>Federal CFDA No.</u>
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds Program	21.027
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B Federal programs:	<u>\$750,000</u>
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee pursuant to the Uniform Guidance?	Yes

**SECTION II – FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

None.

**SECTION III – FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM**

None.

**SECTION IV – OTHER ISSUES**

No Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings is required because there were no prior audit findings related to Federal programs.

**IMPACT FEE AFFIDAVIT**

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally appeared Kay Grant, who being duly sworn, deposes and says on oath that:

1. I am the Director of Finance of the Town of Miami Lakes which is a local governmental entity of the State of Florida;
2. The governing body of the Town of Miami Lakes entered into a contract with Miami-Dade County which authorized the Town of Miami Lakes to receive and expend proceeds of an impact fee implemented by Miami-Dade County adopted through Ordinances 90-31 and 90-59 implementing impact fees; and
3. The Town of Miami Lakes has complied and, as of the date of this Affidavit, remains in compliance with Section 163.31801, Florida Statutes.

FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NAUGHT.

Kay Grant, Director of Finance  
Town of Miami Lakes

STATE OF FLORIDA  
COUNTY OF Miami-Dade

SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED before me this 10 day of March, 2023.



**Rosa M Marrero**  
Comm. # GG952788  
Expires: Jan. 29, 2024  
Bonded Thru Aaron Notary

NOTARY PUBLIC  
Print Name Rosa M. Marrero

Personally known  or produced identification \_\_\_\_\_

Type of identification produced: \_\_\_\_\_

My Commission Expires:

\_\_\_\_\_